

## 1. Executive Summary

#### 1.1. Introduction

This report documents the outcomes of the **options testing** phase of consultation for the Waterloo Redevelopment. It also incorporates an overview of the findings from the initial visioning phase of consultation. It has been prepared for Land and Housing Corporation (LAHC), part of NSW Family and Community Services (FACS) by independent community consultation practice Elton Consulting.

This report has been prepared in response to Clause 27 of the Study Requirements issued by the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE) to support a rezoning application to be lodged with the Department. It also provides information for the consideration of LAHC and its project team to assist in preparation of a preferred master plan for the Waterloo Redevelopment. For further information about the Waterloo Redevelopment see Section 2 of this report.

## 1.2. Consultation process

Since the Waterloo Estate was designated a State Significant Precinct (SSP) in May 2017, LAHC has undertaken a significant amount of community consultation as part of the redevelopment. This commenced with establishment of the Waterloo Connect office in early 2017 and the visioning phase of consultation for the Waterloo Redevelopment from October to December 2017. Further to this, more than 1,000 members of the community and other interested stakeholders participated in the recent options testing phase of the consultation process. For further information on the consultation process for the Waterloo Redevelopment see Section 3.

#### 1.3. Feedback on the five themes

Both the visioning and options testing phases of consultation have involved discussion of the Waterloo Redevelopment with a focus on five important themes. A summary of what we heard in feedback on these themes is provided below. Further details of community and stakeholder feedback on the five themes is provided in Sections 4 to 8 of this report.

## 1.3.1 Theme: Culture and community life

Participants expressed a strong connection to the Waterloo social housing estate and local area. They emphasised the importance of Waterloo remaining an authentic place with its own character and where current residents continue to enjoy a strong sense of community and belonging. They highlighted the need for the redevelopment of the precinct to provide opportunities for people to meet and socialise and for it to continue to be a welcoming place for all members of the community.

Participants expressed a desire for Waterloo to include a range of spaces to support community life including places for residents to meet, socialise and gather for larger scale events. Participants also wanted the redeveloped precinct to include community facilities, services and shops.

Community gardens, dog parks, play areas for kids and activities for young people were all considered important.

Telling the multiple stories of Waterloo was identified as an important part of preparing a preferred plan so that people know about "the beginning" of this place. This includes recognising and reflecting Aboriginal and multicultural stories. Opportunities for cultural interpretation and learning were also seen as important so as to connect the past and future in Waterloo.

## 1.3.2. Theme: Transport, streets and connections

Participants highlighted the importance throughout the precinct, in all new buildings and the public domain. An accessible precinct that offers easy access to a range of transport options, offering residents choice, was seen as an important opportunity for the redevelopment. Onsite carparking for social housing residents, other future residents of the precinct, and on street carparking in the local neighbourhood were viewed as important priorities.

Participants highlighted the need for the redeveloped precinct to provide safe and direct connections to local bus stops and the new Sydney Metro Waterloo Station. Participants emphasised that commuter access to the new Waterloo station should not impact use of the park or the local neighbourhood feel of the redevelopment area. They expressed mixed views on which of the three redevelopment options would provide the best access to the Waterloo Station. Some liked the more traditional street pattern of Option 1, whereas others liked the diagonal street pattern leading to the Waterloo Station in Option 2. Most participants were supportive of the proposed cycle connections through the site. However, they sought to ensure that pedestrian paths and cycle ways are designed in a way that provides both equitable access and safety. Good access for emergency services and **community transport services** were also raised.

Current and future traffic congestion was commonly raised as a concern. Participants commented on the increasing number of vehicles on local roads relating to cumulative development in Waterloo and surrounding suburbs. Some raised concern about the proposal to open up Pitt Street to McEvoy Street. Concerns were also raised about potential congestion in Cope Street if it were to become a "kiss and drop" style zone for people accessing the Waterloo Station.

## 1.3.3. Theme: Housing and neighbourhood design

People who participated in the consultation process expressed a wide range of views on the built form proposed as part of the three redevelopment options.

Views on the proposed **building heights and types** were mixed, with many people expressing a preference for the building heights as per Option 1, with a maximum of up to 32 storeys. There was some support for buildings of 40 storeys in height or taller. Some participants were less concerned with height than with the **number** of taller buildings proposed.

Comments commonly focused on the high level of **density** proposed by all three options. Many people expressed a desire for the redevelopment to offer a lower density urban environment. Some people commented that they do not support any redevelopment of the Waterloo estate. Some commented that the redevelopment, given its proposed density, should deliver a higher quantum of social and affordable housing to meet the needs of people currently on the social housing waiting list and to address increasing demand for social and affordable housing in Sydney. Participants expressed a desire for the redevelopment to include Aboriginal affordable housing.

**More spacious and better designed apartments** including balconies were commonly identified as being important for residents of the precinct. There was support for the proposed dwelling mix – with all redevelopment options including a mix of studio, one, two, three and four-bedroom apartments. Participants expressed a desire for high quality homes that meet the diverse needs of residents, respond to changing lifecycle needs, provide indoor and outdoor space, improved safety and security, and storage space.

There were mixed views about retaining and renewing existing buildings on the site such as Matavai and Turanga. Some people commented that these buildings are important from a heritage and character perspective. While others were keen to see these buildings redeveloped, commenting that apartments in these buildings are too small to meet the needs of residents and lack important features.

There was strong support for social, affordable and private housing to be **evenly distributed** across the whole of the Waterloo precinct and to ensure that all members of the community are accommodated in high quality new homes. However, there were mixed views on the **appropriate mix of dwellings** within individual buildings. Participants who expressed a preference for social, affordable and private housing to be provided within the same building felt that this would be more equitable and help support social cohesion.

Conversely, people who wanted social and affordable housing to be provided **separately** from private dwellings highlighted the complexities of meeting the diverse needs and expectations of social, affordable and private housing residents within the same building.

Another issue raised in feedback on this theme was the critical importance of **ongoing communications** with the community, particularly with social housing residents on the estate, about staging of the redevelopment and arrangements for relocations and rehousing. Good quality information, clear communication and respectful treatment of residents throughout all stages of the redevelopment is paramount. Ongoing communications with the surrounding community throughout planning and delivery of the redevelopment is also critical to ensure community perspectives are given appropriate consideration and construction impacts are minimised.

## 1.3.4. Theme: Community facilities, services and shops

Community facilities, services and shops were widely identified as being important. Participants expressed a desire for them to help **bring people together**, **support social interaction and provide opportunities for learning**, **growth and leadership**.

Participants expressed a strong desire for the redevelopment to **recognise and celebrate Aboriginal culture and heritage** as intrinsic to the past, present and future of Waterloo as a place and community. Facilities and spaces that support **knowledge sharing about Aboriginal culture** among the broader local community and visitors were regarded as providing opportunities for community learning, healing and pride.

Members of the community discussed the importance of a **range of educational facilities and programs** to meet the needs of existing and future residents, commenting on the significant increase in the residential community associated with the redevelopment of Waterloo. Participants expressed a desire for **employment assistance and small business support services** to enable residents to access employment and acquire the skills to run their own businesses. Further to this, **Aboriginal employment** and engagement in the redevelopment process were identified as a high priority.

Space within the redevelopment area for health and wellness facilities and programs was widely identified as important to support community wellbeing. Participants emphasised the need for facilities and services that are both accessible and affordable. They expressed strong support for an onsite aged care facility as well as age-related **support services** to assist elderly residents to age in place.

## 1.3.5. Theme: Environment and open space

People who participated in the consultation process highly value the **natural environment** and open space on and around the Waterloo social housing estate, and expressed a strong desire for the redevelopment to incorporate green space wherever possible. Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed the high level of importance of parks and open space areas as an integral element of the Waterloo precinct.

People who took part in the consultation process expressed mixed preferences in terms of the layout of **public parks and open space**. Some wanted to see Waterloo Green retained and renewed as in Option 1, with new parks provided in other parts of the precinct. They expressed a strong desire for equitable access to parks and open space areas for residents living in different parts of the precinct, including the southern part of the Waterloo site. Others preferred the idea of a single large park, primarily to enable the community to hold large scale events and activities.

Overall the proposed transformation of George Street into a green boulevard attracted strong support. There were mixed views on the most desirable width for the boulevard. Key issues raised in feedback focused on: making this a place that feels safe, pleasant and welcoming; ensuring the space is accessible and usable for people of all ages and abilities; supporting pedestrian safety along in this location through measures such as speed limits for cyclists and a separate cycle path; and realising the 'boulevard' as a series of interconnected parks rather than just a linear accessway.

## 1.4. Towards a preferred master plan

Feedback from the community and other stakeholders highlights important considerations for preparation of a preferred master plan for the Waterloo Redevelopment. A summary of key considerations is provided below. Key considerations for the preferred master plan are discussed further in Sections 5 to 9 of this report.

## 1.4.1. Theme: Culture and community life

Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed that a wide range of public activity areas, as proposed by the redevelopment options, should be included in the preferred plan. This commonly included community gardens, youth facilities, play areas, and space for entertainment and events. Cafes and exhibition spaces were less frequently discussed.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

 the proposed location of activity areas within the public domain in and around parks and the George Street boulevard - was supported. However, key issues raised by the community in relation to the location of activity areas were: the importance of universal access for people of all abilities; the equitable distribution of these spaces within walking distance of homes for people living on different parts of the estate; ensuring that parks and open spaces enable diverse uses without becoming "congested" and "overused"; ensuring pedestrian safety in areas that incorporate shared paths for cyclists including the George Street boulevard; a desire for community

gardens to be located at ground level and within close proximity of social housing residents' homes; a desire for some activity areas to be co-located and others to be spread out across the estate – to enable opportunities for social interaction, enhance community safety, and to provide different groups of people within the community with "space to breathe" and do their own thing.

• the types of **public activity areas**, factors relating to their location, use and management are important, rather than the **number** of these areas to be included in the preferred master plan. With the highest number of these spaces included in Option 1 and the lowest included in Option 3, the most relevant feedback relating to volume was that public parks and open space areas should be designed to support a wide range of uses at different times of the day and week by people with different needs and interests, to avoid being overused and feeling overcrowded.

## 1.4.2 Theme: Transport, streets and connections

There was strong support for the following **common elements** of the three redevelopment options:

- Making Waterloo a pedestrian priority precinct
- Access to the majority of local needs within 200 metres of homes
- Slow to shared streets.

While there was limited discussion relating to the specific idea of an accessible local movement route for people of all ages and abilities within the precinct, feedback suggests that safe and pleasant connections throughout the local neighbourhood are widely regarded as important. People identified a wide range of activities they would like to be able to do within a short distance from home (see also 'Culture and Community Life' in section 1.4.1).

In terms of proposed changes to the local network of streets and roads, concern was raised about the **proposal to open up Pitt Street** which participants believed could result in rat-running and pedestrian safety issues and the treatment of Cope Street to minimise congestion around the Waterloo station. Provision of adequate carparking to meet the needs of new and existing residents was strongly supported, with mixed views expressed on the level of carparking provision proposed by the three options of one parking space per two apartments. The preferred master plan should consider and address traffic and parking concerns with reference to the relevant technical study.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

- there were mixed views on the most appropriate street types and blocks within the precinct. There was strong support for an accessible public domain for people of all ages and abilities, that provides a pleasant environment and where people feel safe. The highly walkable character of Option 1 was supported by some, particularly for its interest and sociability, whereas others preferred the diagonal lines and direct connections offered by Option 2. The preferred master plan should incorporate multiple ways for people to get around the precinct, offering members of the community choice, and providing opportunities for people to come together as well as to enjoy their own
- importantly, the preferred master plan should ensure that the George Street boulevard space provides for the needs of both pedestrians and cyclists through adequate separation of these users, best practice design, and slow speed limits for cyclists. See also 'Environment and Open Space' in section 1.4.5.

For more on the **location of the accessible local movement route** – See 'Environment and Open Space' in section 1.4.5.

## 1.4.3. Theme: Housing and neighbourhood design

There was strong support for the preferred master plan to incorporate the following *common elements* of the three redevelopment options:

- Mix of apartment sizes and types
- Mix of social, affordable and private housing
- Appropriate arrangement of taller buildings.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates:

- mixed views on the building heights and types with many people expressing a preference for the building heights as per Option 1, with a maximum of up to 32 storeys. There was some support for buildings of 40 storeys in height or taller. Some participants were more concerned with the number of taller buildings rather than the height. The preferred master plan should seek to maximise amenity and minimise impacts for residents of the site and surrounding area. Key issues for consideration in the preferred plan include maximising solar access to homes and open space areas and addressing potential wind effects.
- no clear preference in terms of **building types** between the slender towers in Option 1, the landscaped terrace-style podium buildings in Option 2, or the courtyard style buildings in Option 3. Green buildings and green spaces around buildings were strongly supported, such as the terrace / rooftop spaces highlighted in Options 1 and 2, and the ground level courtyards in Option 3. The preferred master plan should specify a range of these types of spaces within new buildings.

## 1.4.4 Theme: Community facilities, services and shops

Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed the high level of importance of **community facilities**, **services and shops** to support new and existing residents of the Waterloo precinct. There was strong support for the following common elements of the three redevelopment options:

- Provision of learning, health and childcare
- Provision of community rooms, creative and multipurpose spaces.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

- people were supportive of clustering community facilities, services and shops to create a centre of activity, as part of an activated and sociable neighbourhood where people, services, retailers and businesses thrive. However there were mixed views as to whether the centre of activity should be focused around the 'Metro Quarter and civic plaza' (as in Option 1), or around the 'Metro Quarter directly interfacing the Village Green' (as in Option 2). While there was some support for community facilities, services and shops to be focused around Waterloo Park (as per Option 3), qualitative comments suggested there was less support for them to be arranged along the George Street boulevard (also part of Option 3). In addition to the clusters of activity discussed above. there was strong support for further community facilities, services and shops to be spread out across the precinct, as in all three of the redevelopment options.
- while there was strong support for a wide range of **new shops and services**, feedback focused on ensuring the type and mix of shops and services is carefully considered to: support the needs of social housing residents and their families, ensure they are welcoming places for all, provide fresh food to meet people's daily needs, and include cost effective options.

## 1.4.5. Theme: Environment and open space

There was strong support for the preferred master plan to include the following *common* elements of the three redevelopment options:

- Community gardens / rooftop gardens
- Existing and new trees
- Community gathering spaces.

Other common elements of the three redevelopment options featured less in feedback and or received mixed support. These were: water features; social corners; and accessible courtyards.

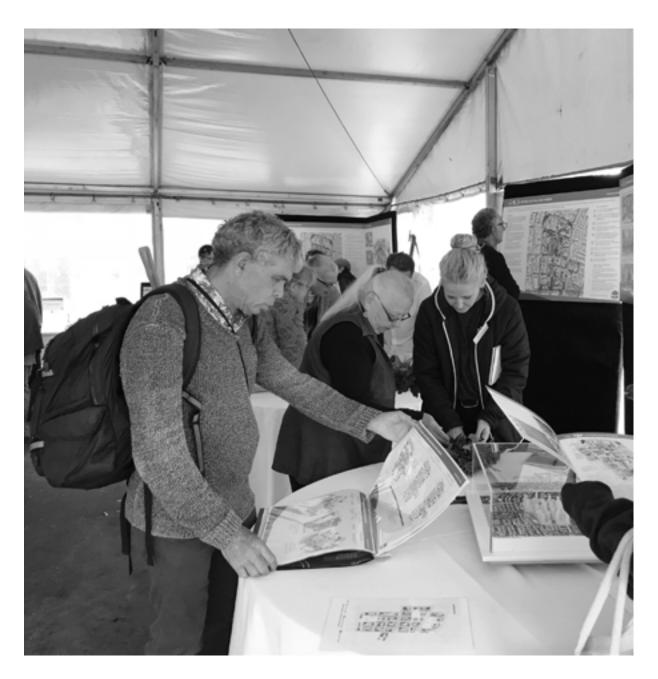
Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

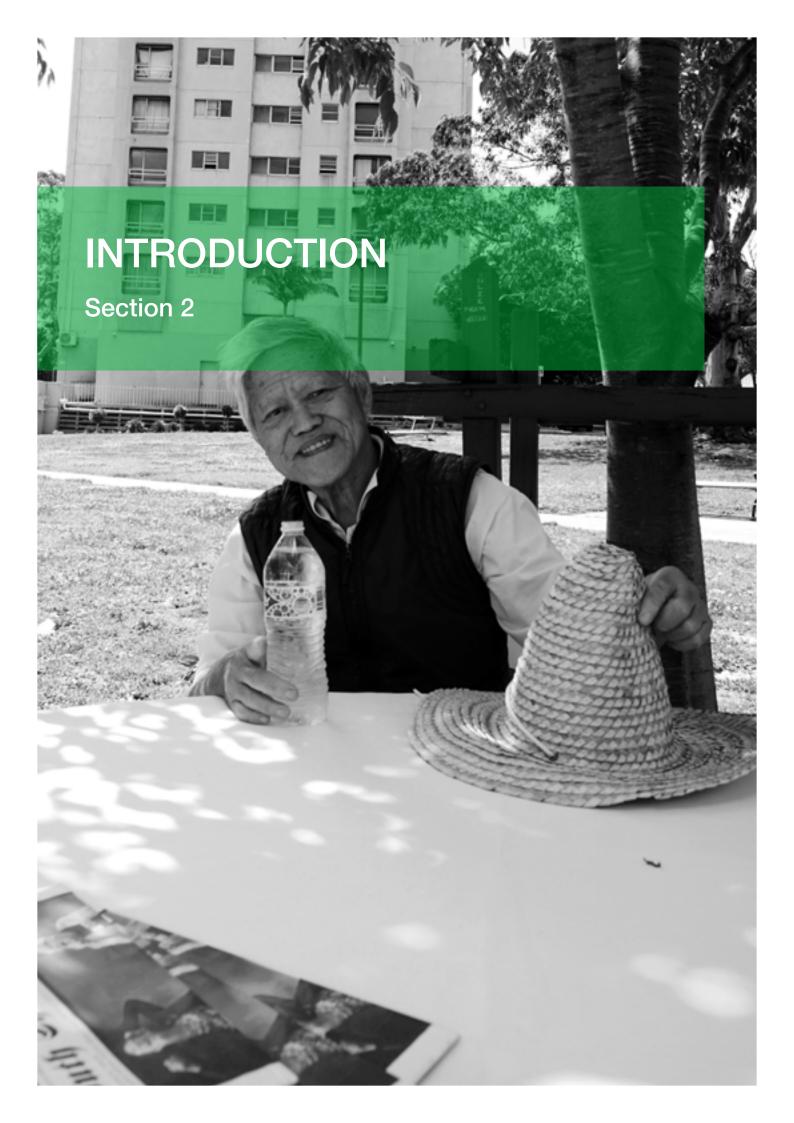
- in terms of **parks** there was a strong preference for Option 1 among some members of the community in terms of renewal of Waterloo Green and the addition of two new parks. However, others expressed a preference for a larger, central park (as in Option 2 - Waterloo Village Green or Option 3 - Waterloo Park). Feedback on these two options suggested a stronger preference for Option 2, mainly due to perceptions that a larger park located near the Waterloo Station could create safety issues or serve the needs of the wider community over those of the Waterloo neighbourhood. Support for Option 1 focused primarily on the number of parks it provides and their distribution across the site, rather than on their smaller size. On this basis, feedback suggests that the preferred master plan should incorporate multiple public parks in different locations across the site including the north and south. If possible, at least one of these parks should be larger than those in Option 1 to enable larger community gatherings and events.
- while feedback focused on providing as much open space on the Waterloo site as possible, it suggests that design of the George Street boulevard may be more important to members of the community than its width (ranging from 20 metres wide in Option 1 to 40 metres wide in Option 3). Key considerations focused on ensuring the George Street boulevard provides an appealing, accessible and safe connection for residents and the wider community. A more "intimate" or narrow boulevard (as in Option 1) could be complimented by a larger public park (ie drawing from the additional width offered by the boulevard in Options 2 and 3).
- there was strong support for landscaping of **pedestrian links** and connections and for the incorporation of water in the preferred master plan (as per the landscaped blue and green pedestrian links in Option 2). Above all, pedestrian connections should be accessible for people of all ages and abilities. They should contribute to a walkable neighbourhood that provides easy access to shops, services, parks, Waterloo station, bus stops, and local destinations. Landscaping of pedestrian links should provide shade, be appealing and incorporate a mix of native and productive plantings.

## 1.5. Summary and next steps

Consultation for redevelopment of the Waterloo social housing estate attracted a high level of participation by social housing residents, private landowners, members of the community and other stakeholders as part of the project visioning and options testing phases. Feedback on the three redevelopment options was mixed, with participants identifying a number of elements of each of the options for consideration in preparation of a preferred master plan for the Waterloo Redevelopment rather than a single preferred option. This report documents feedback on the redevelopment options and issues for consideration, under each of the five key themes.

It also highlights the importance of continued engagement with the community and stakeholders throughout the planning process, and into delivery and operation of the precinct. Importantly, ongoing communication and engagement with social housing residents, private landowners, local stakeholder groups and the broader community is paramount to the success of the redevelopment of this important place.





## 2. Introduction

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## 2.1. Project background

## 2.1.1. About the Waterloo Redevelopment Precinct

The Waterloo Redevelopment Precinct is a large-scale redevelopment that will be staged over the next 15-20 years. The precinct includes the Waterloo social housing estate and the area above and around the Metro Quarter which will encompass the new Waterloo Station and over station development, including new homes, shops, community facilities and a public plaza. The Metro Quarter is bounded by bounded by Botany Road, Cope Street, Raglan Street and Wellington Streets. Sydney Metro will deliver the Metro Quarter in conjunction with Urban Growth NSW. The map on the preceding page shows the boundary of the Waterloo Redevelopment Precinct.

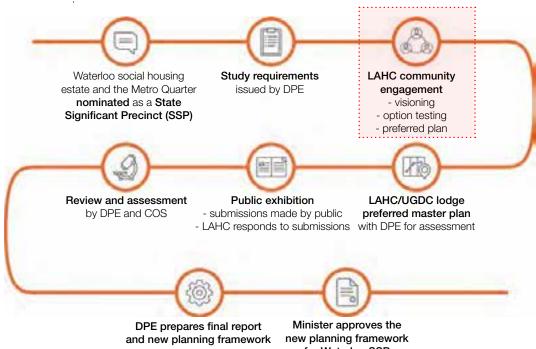
#### 2.1.2 Context

The NSW Government's Future Directions for Social Housing strategy sets out the NSW Government's vision to transform the social housing system over the next 10 years by delivering up to 23,000 new and replacement social housing dwellings, 500 affordable housing dwellings and up to 40,000 private dwellings. Key features include the redevelopment of social housing in partnership with the private and not-for-profit sectors to deliver new and replacement social housing dwellings, increased numbers of affordable and private dwellings in integrated communities, and opportunities and incentives for people to transition out of social housing.

The Future Directions strategy is being delivered by FACS via its Communities Plus program, and the redevelopment of the Waterloo estate is part of this program.

## 2.2 Master planning process

The master planning process for the Waterloo Redevelopment is shown here. Consultation with the community and other stakeholders commenced as part of the visioning phase in 2017 and continued in the options testing phase in 2018 (highlighted below). As part of the next steps of the master planning process a preferred plan will be developed to support the rezoning application to the Department of Planning and Environment.



for Waterloo SSP

## 2.3. Meeting the Study Requirements

The Waterloo Redevelopment consultation process which commenced in 2017 has been designed to meet the Study Requirements for the State Significant Precinct. This report documents the process and outcomes from the options testing phase of consultation for the Waterloo Redevelopment. It also provides an overview of the visioning phase of consultation (with full details included in Appendix F).

Key elements of the consultation process included:

 Communication and engagement with a wide range of stakeholders including government agencies, non-government organisations and members of the community.

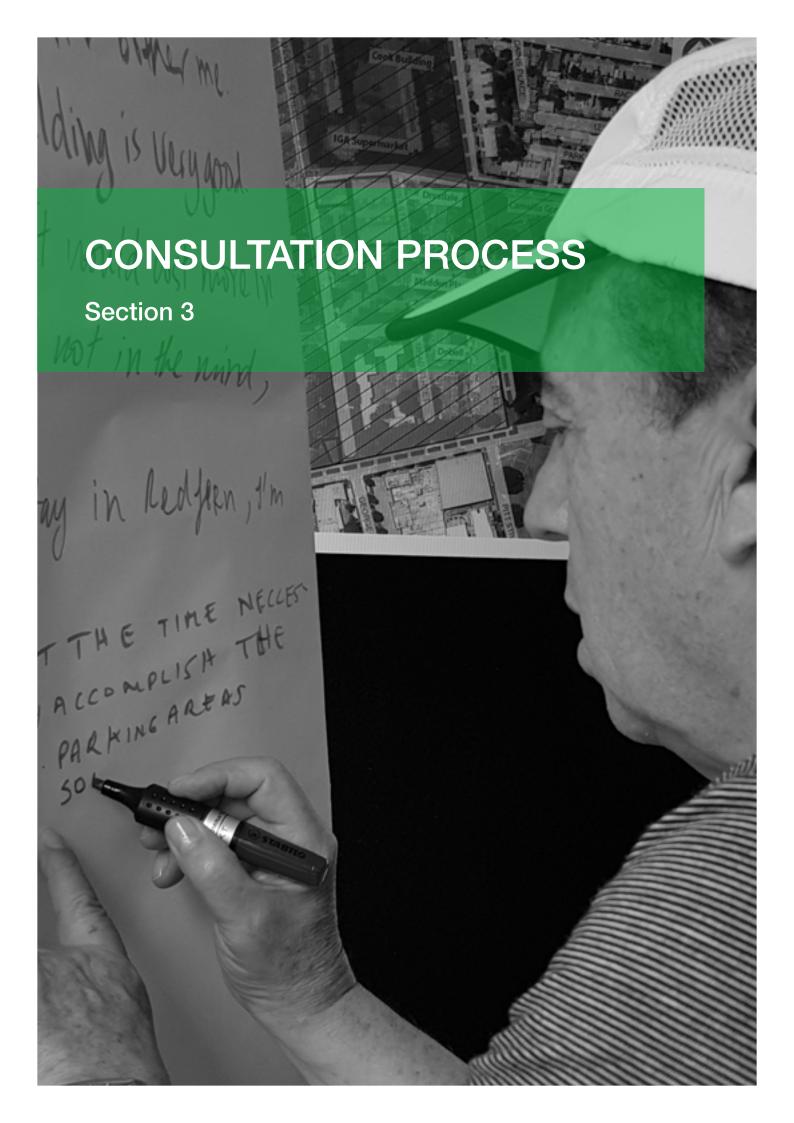
## **Waterloo Redevelopment Consultation** Options testing Visioning **1,500** members ,000 members of the community of the community and other interested and other interested stakeholders stakeholders 2017 2018

- Commitment to leading practice engagement in line with the IAP2 core values. This includes: involving people who are affected by the redevelopment in the master planning process; providing relevant information to support meaningful participation; seeking input from stakeholders on how they participate; promoting participation in the engagement activities; and identifying how participant feedback will be used by LAHC and its project team as part of the master planning process.
- Identifying the relationship between the options testing phase and visioning phase of consultation and promoting ongoing participation by new and existing participants.
- Addressing key aspects of the redevelopment proposal through the use of visual information, 3D models, discussions and surveys focusing around the five key themes. Under these themes, materials were designed to present and test feedback on key elements of the proposal.

- Building capacity to support participation in the consultation process and engaging with relevant target groups (as detailed in Section 3.2.3). Consultation activities targeting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander residents were conducted in liaison with the Aboriginal Liaison Officer. Engagement with Chinese and Russian residents was supported by bilingual educators. All face to face consultation activities were independently observed by one or more representatives of the Waterloo Redevelopment Group.
- All focus groups, workshops and the community information days were independently facilitated by Elton Consulting. This includes two workshops involving private landowners in the options testing phase (and one facilitated by KJA in the visioning phase).

This report provides the key findings of the consultation outcomes for consideration by LAHC and its project team and describes how the outcomes may be incorporated into the proposal. It summarises the outcomes of private landowner workshops but does not discuss how the outcomes have been incorporated in the preferred master plan or how the plan results in a fair and impartial distribution of development between private and government land. This information will be provided in a separate study report. This document provides evidence of the various consultation activities including promotional materials, letters of invitation and further details of engagement activities such as survey results (see Appendix A to E).

A summary of what we heard in the visioning phase of consultation is provided in Section 4. Further details of the visioning phase of consultation are provided in the Visioning Report included in Appendix F.



## 3. Consultation process

## 3.1. Participation

An overview of participants engaged as part of the visioning and options testing phases of consultation is shown here. Further details of the engagement activities conducted in the options testing phase are provided in Section 3.2.

#### 3.2. Process

## 3.2.1. From visioning to options testing

Since the Waterloo Estate was designated a State Significant Precinct (SSP) in May 2017, LAHC has undertaken a significant amount community consultation on the redevelopment. This commenced with establishment of the Waterloo Connect office in early 2017 and the visioning phase of consultation for the Waterloo Redevelopment from October to December 2017. The visioning phase attracted more than 1,500 participants including residents, members of the community and other key stakeholders through over 40 events and activities.

Residents, the community and other stakeholders shared their vision of a redeveloped Waterloo. Community and stakeholder input to the vision for a redeveloped Waterloo was used to establish a series of redevelopment principles (as shown below). Underpinned by the vision and guiding principles, three redevelopment options formed the basis for consultation as part of the master planning process for Waterloo in 2018. All three of the options establish an integrated mix of private, affordable and social housing across the entire precinct to be accompanied by a human services plan to support residents' health, safety and wellbeing.

More than 1,000 members of the community and other interested stakeholders participated in the **options testing phase** of the consultation process for the Waterloo Redevelopment.

Planning, promotion and participation in the consultation process was supported by early engagement with local community groups and service providers. This included briefings with the Waterloo Redevelopment Group, community and non-government organisations, and in close liaison with Waterloo Connect.

Participation in both the visioning and options testing phases of consultation was also supported by wide reaching communications across the estate and broader community. The consultation process involved online and face to face consultation activities, underpinned by early engagement with local stakeholder groups and residents in order to build capacity and prepare people to participate in the planning process. It involved a combination of targeted engagement activities and whole of community engagement.

#### Redevelopment Principles

The following are LAHC's Redevelopment Principles for the precinct:

#### **Culture and Heritage**

- Recognise and celebrate the significance of Waterloo's Aboriginal history and heritage across the built and natural environments.
- Make Waterloo an affordable place for more Aboriginal people to live and work.
- Foster connection to culture by supporting authentic storytelling and recognition of artistic, cultural and sporting achievements.

#### **Communal and Open Space**

- Create high quality, accessible and safe open spaces that connect people to nature and cater to different needs, purposes and age groups.
- Create open spaces that bring people together and contribute to community cohesion and wellbeing.

#### **Movement and Connectivity**

- Make public transport, walking and cycling and preferred choice with accessible, reliable and safe connections and amenities.
- Make Waterloo a desired destination with the new Waterloo Station at the heart of the precinct's transport network - serving as the gateway to a welcoming, safe and active community.

#### **Character of Waterloo**

- Strengthen the diversity, inclusiveness and community spirit of Waterloo.
- Reflect the current character of Waterloo in the new built environment by mixing old and new.

#### **Local Employment Opportunities**

 Encourage a broad mix of businesses and social enterprise in the area that provides choice for residents and creates local job opportunities.

#### Community Services, Including Support for Those Who Are Vulnerable

- Ensure that social and human services support an increased population and meet the diverse needs of the community, including the most vulnerable residents.
- Provide flexible communal spaces to support cultural events, festivals and activities that strengthen community spirit.

#### **Accessible Services**

 Deliver improved and affordable services that support the everyday needs of the community, such as health and wellbeing, grocery and retail options.

#### **Design Excellence**

- Ensure architectural design excellence so that buildings and surrounds reflect community diversity, are environmentally sustainable and people-friendly – contributing to lively, attractive and safe neighbourhoods.
- Recognise and celebrate Waterloo's history and culture in the built environment through artistic and creative expression.
- Create an integrated, inclusive community where existing residents and newcomers feel welcome, through a thoughtfully designed mix of private, affordable and social housing.

The Waterloo Redevelopment options brochure was distributed on 2 August 2018 to provide members of the community with information about the three redevelopment options. Further to this, a series of nine **technical study sessions** commenced on 29 August to provide members of the community and other stakeholders with additional information on key aspects of the redevelopment. Information about the redevelopment process including a fact sheet and QAs was made available at the Waterloo Connect shopfront. And a video providing information about the redevelopment process and encouraging community participation in the consultation process was also released and displayed at Waterloo Connect.1

#### Waterloo Redevelopment Consultation - Options testing



2 Community information days attracting 300 people



completed surveys



17 focus groups

and workshops

with **200** people including local stakeholder groups, social housing residents, young people, Aboriginal residents, broader community, NGO's and private landowners'



pop up sessions involving 135 people



study sessions



group consultations



Information available through Waterloo **Connect and Communities Plus** website

4,200 visits to the Waterloo webpage following release of the redevelopment options<sup>2</sup>



copies of the Waterloo community newsletter

The Waterloo Redevelopment Masterplan Process Whiteboard Animation video was produced by Inner Sydney Voice and Counterpoint Community Services in conjunction with the Waterloo Neighbourhood Advisory Board.

From 8 August to 8 November 2018.

## 3.2.2. Options testing phase

The consultation process for the **options testing phase** of the Waterloo Redevelopment involved numerous opportunities for members of the community and other stakeholders with an interest in the redevelopment to find out more and share their views face to face and or online. The process involved the following activities.

More than 14,000 copies of the Waterloo community newsletter were distributed to promote participation in the options testing phase of consultation. The consultation process involved two community information days for all members of the public and a series of 17 focus groups and workshops targeting diverse members of the community and other local stakeholders. These sessions involved social housing residents, private landowners, Aboriginal residents, Russian residents, Chinese residents, elderly residents, young people, local stakeholder groups, non-government organisations and the broader community.<sup>3</sup> A community survey was promoted throughout the consultation period on the Communities Plus website and copies were also made available in paper format.<sup>4</sup> Further submissions were invited in the form of correspondence and feedback collected during workshops conducted by local groups and 19 were received.

Information about the redevelopment options was communicated by the Waterloo Connect team through outreach activities including pop-ups and intercept surveys in key locations. It was displayed at the community information days, focus groups, workshops, on the Communities Plus website and at Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre throughout the consultation period.

#### **Community Information Days**

Two community information days were held as shown below. These sessions were designed to target all members of the community and other stakeholders with an interest in the redevelopment of Waterloo. They were widely promoted through the Waterloo newsletter, Waterloo Connect shopfront and outreach activities, Communities Plus website, local stakeholders and through the focus groups and workshops. Dates and times for the various sessions were agreed in liaison with community organisations and other stakeholders.

Focus group session	Date	Time	Location
Community Information Day (1)	Saturday 13 October 2018	10:00am to 2:00pm	Waterloo Green
Community Information Day (2)	Friday 26 October 2018	2:00pm to 5:00pm	Waterloo Green

#### Focus groups and workshops

A total of 17 focus groups and workshops were conducted as described below. These sessions were designed to enable in depth discussion of the redevelopment options with targeted members of the community and other stakeholders. This included local residents and representatives of organised local groups. They were promoted through existing databases (established as part of the visioning phase of consultation) and a register of people who expressed an interest in participating (in response to the Waterloo newsletter).

These sessions commenced on Wednesday 10 October and were completed on Friday 9 November.

The community survey commenced on Monday 1 October and closed on Monday 19 November.

Focus group session	Date	Time	Location
One-on-one consultations with elderly residents	Wednesday 10 October 2018	9:30am to 11:00am	Salvation Army Centre
Focus group: Social housing residents (1)	Friday 12 October 2018	10:00am to 12:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Focus group: Social housing residents (2)	Monday 15 October 2018	2:00pm to 4:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Focus group: Russian residents	Tuesday 16 October 2018	2:00pm to 4.30pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Workshop: Waterloo Redevelopment Group (WRG)	Wednesday 17 October 2018	2:00pm to 4:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Focus group: Chinese residents	Thursday 18 October 2018	9:30am to 12:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Workshop: Waterloo and Redfern Organised Community (WARLOC)	Thursday 18 October 2018	6:00pm to 8:00pm	Redfern Town Hall
NGO briefing session (1)	Friday 28 September 2018	11:30am – 1:30pm	Counterpoint
NGO briefing session (2)	Thursday 11 October 2018	2:00pm to 4:00pm	Counterpoint
Workshop: NGOs	Friday 19 October 2018	10:00am to 12:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Focus group: Social housing residents (3)	Monday 22 October 2018	10:00am to 12:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Workshop: SSP Private landowners (1)	Tuesday 23 October 2018	6:00pm to 8:00pm	Redfern Town Hall
Focus group: Broader community	Wednesday 24 October 2018	6:00pm to 8:00pm	107 Projects
Focus group: Young people	Thursday 25 October 2018	4:00pm to 6:00pm	The Fact Tree
SSP Private landowners (2)	Wednesday 7 November 2018	6:00pm to 8:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Focus group: Aboriginal residents	Friday 9 November 2018	12:30pm to 2:30pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
NGO workshop on Community Infrastructure	Thursday 15 November 2018	1:00pm to 3:00pm	770 Elizabeth Street, Redfern

#### **Communities Plus website and community survey**

The Communities Plus website was updated with information as part of the visioning and options testing phases. Information about the three redevelopment options for Waterloo was provided on the Communities Plus website as follows:

- Community newsletter containing an overview of the three redevelopment options
- Display boards containing further detailed information on the three redevelopment options and related technical information.
- A total of 4,200 visits to the website were recorded during the options testing consultation.

#### Waterloo Connect shopfront, outreach and pop-ups

Outreach activities were conducted by the Waterloo Connect team to support participation in the consultation process by residents of Waterloo estate and the broader community. Outreach commenced in the lead up to the first Community Information Day and was ongoing throughout the consultation period to Monday 19 November. Waterloo Connect supported participation in the community survey throughout this period.

In addition, the display boards and 3D models used in the Community Information Days, focus groups and workshops were made available for viewing at Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre between 1pm and 3pm on Mondays and Thursdays to Monday 19 November (and at other times as arranged with the Waterloo Connect team).

The Waterloo Connect team held a series of 25 community pop-up sessions on the Waterloo estate as follows.

	Date	Time	Location
Matavai	Tuesday 6 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Matavai Community Room
Mount Carmel	Friday 9 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Dobell Community Room
Cook	Friday 9 November 2018	1:00pm to 3:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Solander	Monday 12 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Solander Community Room
Peoples	Tuesday 13 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
South West	Wednesday 14 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Marton	Wednesday 14 November 2018	1:30pm to 3:30pm	Marton Community Room
Banks	Thursday 15 November 2018	10:00am to 12:00 noon	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre
Turanga	Friday 16 November 2018	11:00am to 1:00pm	Turanga Community Room
Waterloo Green	Monday 19 November 2018	9:00am to 4:00pm	Waterloo Neighbourhood Centre

#### Submissions

Members of the community and stakeholders provided a total of 19 written submissions to LAHC as part of the options testing phase. This included emails, letters and meeting notes from a number of consultation sessions held by local community groups as shown below.

#### Community group consultation sessions

Community group	Date
Alexandria High School children	Monday 19 November 2018
REDWatch	Thursday 1 November 2018
South Sydney Uniting Church	Monday 27 October 2018

Further details of **submissions** are provided in Appendix C.





# 4. What we heard at Visioning

In 2017 more than 1,500 residents, members of the community and other stakeholders shared their vision of a redeveloped Waterloo. Consultation on the vision focused on the five key themes of:

- Culture and community life
- Transport, streets and connections
- · Housing and neighbourhood design
- Community facilities, services and shops
- Environment and open space.

These themes also formed the basis for conversations with the community as part of the options testing phase of consultation where three redevelopment options where feedback was invited on three options for the redevelopment of Waterloo. The guiding principles established following the visioning process were used to support development of the three redevelopment options. They were developed from what we heard in the 'visioning' phase, as well as the findings of a number of technical studies that have been undertaken - on topics like traffic, heritage, etc.

A summary of what we heard in the visioning phase of consultation is provided below. Further details of the visioning phase of consultation are provided in the Visioning Report included in Appendix E.

## 4.1. Culture and community life

In the visioning phase people identified Waterloo's diversity, inclusiveness and community spirit as important attributes that make it unique and which they want to retain and strengthen into the future. For residents of the social housing estate, Waterloo is their home and community, and it is important to them that they continue to feel at home and welcomed in a redeveloped Waterloo. People offered a variety of suggestions to encourage and promote community interaction across different cultural backgrounds, age groups, and socio-economic backgrounds, ranging from communal spaces and facilities to community events. People said they are keen to see Waterloo's unique identity and character embodied in the redevelopment - through the physical design or in other ways. Respecting and celebrating Waterloo's history and multicultural diversity through a redevelopment where old and new are respectfully mixed was highlighted as a key priority. Recognising and preserving the Aboriginal community and its history and culture also emerged as being important.

## 4.2. Transport, streets and connections

Participants in the visioning phase discussed the ideal future transport system in Waterloo as being reliable, frequent, integrated, clean and sustainable to meet the needs of current residents and the future population. While many people commented that they were largely reliant on and satisfied with existing public transport options in Waterloo, they would like to see expanded public transport options in the future, with many seeing the Waterloo Station as a positive development. People in Waterloo commented that they would also like to make use of more extensive and affordable community transport, safe and accessible pedestrian walkways, dedicated cycleways, and frequent transport connections to the rest of Sydney. While cars were not discussed by many people, the lack of available parking, including for service and emergency vehicles, and traffic congestion in and around Waterloo were raised as concerns by some.

## 4.3. Housing and neighbourhood design

In discussions about the urban environment in the visioning phase of consultation people talked about the importance of accessible and adaptable buildings and homes, spaces that are designed with purpose, buildings that are energy efficient and oriented to maximise sunlight, sustainable solutions, and spaces between buildings to maximise airflow and ensure privacy. Safe and affordable housing was identified as important across all engagement activities, including by those who responded to the Aboriginal community survey. Discussions also focused on safe internal and external spaces, design and building quality and the housing mix. The key difference between discussions among social housing residents and other community stakeholders was the focus on the immediate housing environment. Social housing residents provided various suggestions to improve housing design, including building in flexibility to meet people's changing needs, and ensuring that room layouts are accessible and practical.

## 4.4. Community facilities, services and shops

People commented that they want the requirements for daily living (such as food, groceries and essential services) to be within easy reach, making Waterloo a place where residents can live, work, shop, rest and play. People said they were keen to see more local facilities and services that are accessible for all, including the elderly, people with disabilities, and those with complex needs. Feedback highlighted the importance of facilities, services and shops that cater to the existing community, including the specific needs and price points of existing residents, as well as future residents.

## 4.5. Environment and open space

Feedback from people who participated in the visioning phase of the consultation process for the Waterloo Redevelopment highlighted value placed on the physical environment in the Waterloo area. People emphasised the importance of green open spaces, sunny and shaded places, and plenty of trees to attract birds. Across all forms of engagement, we heard that a sense of 'green' and nature, trees and space are important to people and their enjoyment of the Waterloo environment.

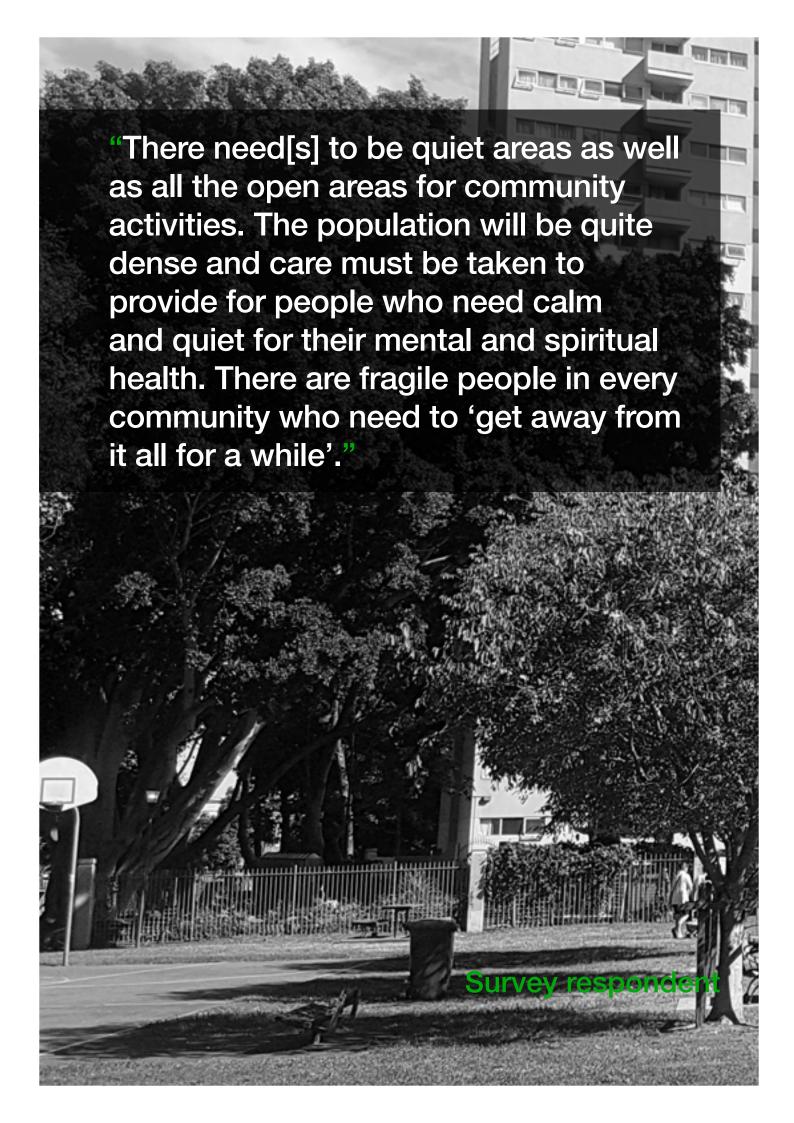
Access to open spaces, the natural landscape and sunlight were seen as positive for the health and happiness of individuals and the community as a whole. People commented that they are keen for the future Waterloo to be open and green with shaded sitting areas, local parks and natural parklands with native plants. Community gardens emerged as a space valued by people in Waterloo, and were raised in discussions across multiple themes, when talking about culture and community life, housing and neighbourhood design, and community facilities. Importantly, it was noted that the enjoyment of these open and green spaces is dependent on the environment being safe, well-maintained and clean.

Consultation in the **options testing** phase focused on the five key themes to:

- ensure the consultation provided information about and invited feedback on all key aspects of the proposed redevelopment as per the Study Requirements
- support ongoing engagement with the options testing phase of consultation involving a mix of people who had been involved in the visioning phase of the consultation process as well as those who had not previously been involved.

Feedback from the options testing phase of consultation will be used to inform preparation of a preferred master plan.





# 5. Theme: Culture and community life

## 5.1. What we heard at options testing

#### 5.1.1. Detailed feedback

#### Feedback on Waterloo as a welcoming and friendly place

Participants expressed a strong connection to the Waterloo social housing estate and local area. They want the existing sense of community to be retained as part of the redevelopment. Participants emphasised the importance of Waterloo remaining an authentic place with its own character and where current residents continue to enjoy a strong sense of community and belonging. They highlighted the need for redevelopment of the precinct to provide opportunities for people to meet and socialise and for it to continue to be a welcoming place for all members of the community.

Young people described Waterloo as being about local "people" above all else. They highlighted the strong sense of community in Waterloo and importance of maintaining existing community connections and supporting new connections to form over time. They expressed concern that existing residents who have a deep and long-standing attachment to the area could feel "outnumbered by private housing" residents.

"What I'm afraid of is being forced out of Waterloo."

"I want this [Waterloo as it is] because this is what I know, this is what I've come to really appreciate and be part of."

"Make Waterloo about the people. All the amazing characters make this place."

#### Feedback on community spaces and activities

Participants, including social housing residents and local stakeholders, expressed a desire for Waterloo to include a range of spaces to support community life including places for residents to meet, socialise and gather. Participants wanted the redeveloped precinct to incorporate a community space / centre for larger community gatherings (such as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander gatherings, Chinese New Year Moon Festival, community markets etc), an arts centre, indoor swimming pool and sauna.

Community gardens, dog parks, play areas for kids and activities for young people were all considered important. Community gardens were widely identified as being an important feature of Waterloo at present and into the future – providing places for people to connect with one another, grow their own food and reduce grocery bills. However, some people commented that at present the community gardens on the estate are not really open to all members of the community, but should be (ie they are used by particular groups and not all members of the community are made to feel welcome). Management of community gardens was identified as an important issue for consideration and articulation as part of the redevelopment. Many participants expressed a desire for community gardens to be located at ground level, while others also liked the idea of community gardens on building rooftops.

"Access to green iron-rich food is important to people, especially the elderly."

"[Discussing the idea of edible landscapes] "If people are hungry we should be lining the streets with orange trees."

"Provide glorious gardens on each rooftop, so that in reality, no green space is lost, it is simply higher up with fresher air and better views of our beautiful city" (Survey respondent)

#### Feedback on age inclusive places and spaces

- Support for social housing residents to age in place and to reduce social isolation among the elderly were identified as being important, for instance, for residents of Matavai and Turanga. Strong support was expressed for onsite aged care and over 55s services to meet the needs of older residents. In particular, Russian residents highlighted the value of onsite aged care provided early in the redevelopment process to "connect the community", ensuring that existing friendships among local residents are maintained, and that people can transition into aged care as their needs change over the course of the redevelopment program (without having to be relocated off the site).
- It was noted that **existing local services** including youth services and services for older people – are highly valued and should be appropriately funded/supported to ensure they are able to continue to provide much needed services to support the ongoing needs of social housing residents.
- Young people commented on the important role played by **youth support services** and spaces like The Fact Tree, where young people can go for a meal, counselling, support or just to hang out; and the National Centre for Indigenous Excellence (NCIE) where they can go to get fit and de-stress (eg for early morning boxing). Importantly services for young people should continue to be available at low or no cost.
- Young people highlighted the importance of having being able to easily access "good" Aboriginal medical services to support young people and their families, Opportunities for older people to engage in employment were also suggested by some participants.

#### Feedback on recognising and celebrating Aboriginal culture and heritage

Telling the multiple 'stories' of Waterloo was identified as an important part of preparing a master plan so that people know about "the beginning" of this place. This includes recognising and reflecting Aboriginal and multicultural stories. Further to this Waterloo was seen as a cultural destination by some people who took part in the consultation, not just a residential community.

"People come here and have no idea of the area we are in.....the worst thing is to feel like you are not included or you are a problem, or a thing of the past."

Participants across the board commented that recognising and respecting Aboriginal culture is critical as part of the redevelopment. Including some form healing space was one idea suggested by Aboriginal residents. It should be a dedicated space not connected to another community centre and could provide meeting space for people of all ages and gardening opportunities for Aboriginal residents. Other places and spaces for the community to meet and gather were also identified as important, such as BBQ areas, a space for community events and gatherings with a performance space.

Opportunities for cultural interpretation and learning (such as signage, a visitor information centre, cultural centre, museum) were also seen as important, so as to connect the past and future in Waterloo. Participants said they would like to see water features in the redevelopment, interactive water play for kids and other water features (for instance, similar to those in Redfern Park).

Aboriginal employment and engagement was also identified as an important part of the redevelopment. Participants suggested that members of the Aboriginal community could play a role in telling the stories of Waterloo, as part of the planning process and into delivery. For instance, through engaging Aboriginal landscape designers or architects in the detailed design stage, commissioning Aboriginal artists to create artworks for building foyers, and or by engaging Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to manage the cultural centre.

"Community gardens are lovely except there is a long waiting list to get into them and often people from our mob don't get a look in, and I would really like us to have something separate next to the Aboriginal cultural centre. A section of it could be a meeting place, a place for young people to get in and put their hands in the dirt and grow stuff. It would also have huge health benefits. We don't need a big space, we need the right space that gets enough light."

"Why don't you get Aboriginal people to do the landscaping design. They would love and appreciate that they have done something for it too... They'd make sure that nobody would destroy it."

"Waterloo and Redfern are interconnected. This place is unique and there is no other place in Australia like it and it's famous worldwide. The history of what has happened here may never happen again and it was amazing that it even happened. We need to remember that and pay homage to that and there is still a strong Aboriginal Community here... For me I'm looking at it, visually yes, art and all that but also we need to think about how we are going to create what it should have been with the sense of small businesses and changing Aboriginal people's lives by the dollar."

#### Feedback on celebrating cultural diversity

A multicultural centre was also suggested by residents and local stakeholders. Russian and Chinese residents wanted easy access to multicultural support services; and to see the multicultural history and culture of Waterloo reflected and celebrated.

Russian residents particularly highlighted the importance of onsite aged care, library services, a new indoor swimming pool and spa, and an education facility tailored towards migrant learning.

Chinese residents highlighted opportunities to reflect and support Chinese culture through community gardens, landscaping of the public domain, and indoor and outdoor spaces for a range of cultural celebrations and activities (from annual celebrations such as Chinese New Year festival, to birthday parties and functions involving cooking, through to day to day activities like Tai Chi). They wanted new buildings to incorporate communal spaces where residents can play chess, mah-jong, table tennis and get involved in other activities.

## 5.2. Towards a preferred master plan

Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed that a wide range of public activity areas, as proposed by the redevelopment options, should be included in the preferred master plan. This commonly included community gardens, youth facilities, play areas, and space for entertainment and events. Cafes and exhibition spaces were less frequently discussed.

The proposed **location of activity areas within the public domain** – in and around parks and the George Street boulevard - was supported. However, key issues raised by the community in relation to the location of activity areas were:

- the importance of universal access for people of all abilities
- the equitable distribution of these spaces within walking distance of homes for people living on different parts of the estate
- ensuring that parks and open spaces enable diverse uses without becoming "congested" and "overused"
- ensuring pedestrian safety in areas that incorporate shared paths for cyclists including the George Street boulevard
- a desire for community gardens to be located at ground level and within close proximity of social housing residents' homes; given the importance of community gardens to the people of Waterloo and their success, it will be important for the detailed design of new garden spaces to be undertaken in liaison with the community
- a preference for dog parks to be located separate to children's play areas
- a desire for some activity areas to be co-located and others to be spread out across the estate - to enable opportunities for social interaction, enhance community safety, and to provide different groups of people within the community with "space to breathe" and do their own thing.

Spaces for social/affordable and private residents to come together and spaces for them to also spend time apart were widely discussed – including space in the public domain and space within buildings. Spaces for young people to socialise and do their own thing, and spaces for Aboriginal residents and community members to come together, were also highlighted as being important for inclusion in the preferred master plan.

Feedback focused on the types of public activity areas, factors relating to their location, use and management, rather than specific commentary about the number of these areas to be included in the preferred master plan. With the highest number of these spaces included in Option 1 and the lowest included in Option 3, the most relevant feedback relating to volume was that: public parks and open space areas should be designed to support a wide range of uses at different times of the day and week by people with different needs and interests, to avoid being overused and feeling overcrowded.

Management of public activity areas was identified as an integral part of planning for the future of the Waterloo precinct as a welcoming and socially cohesive place. Feedback focused on management of community gardens and community spaces to ensure they are welcoming and accessible for all, to build on the strong sense of community ownership and pride that already exist, and to ensure these important community spaces are well maintained and sustainable into the future.



## 6. Theme: Transport, streets and connections

## 6.1 What we heard at options testing

#### 6.1.1. Detailed feedback

#### Feedback on providing convenient access to Waterloo station

An accessible precinct that offers residents convenient access to a range of transport options, offering residents choice, was seen as an important opportunity for the redevelopment. Public transport was described as being particularly important for some members of the community (such as some social housing residents) for whom it provides their only means of getting around, accessing shops and essential services, and connecting with friends.

They highlighted the need for the redeveloped precinct to provide safe and direct connections to Waterloo station and local bus stops. Access to public transport should provide for people of all abilities including the elderly and people with disability. Participants emphasised that commuter access to Waterloo station should not impact use of the park or the local neighbourhood feel of the redevelopment area. They expressed mixed views on which of the three redevelopment options would provide the best access to Waterloo Station. Some liked the more traditional street pattern of Option 1, whereas others liked the diagonal street pattern leading to Waterloo Station in Option 2.

"As long as there is convenient transport then we will be happy."

#### Feedback on walkability and pedestrian connections at Waterloo

Participants highlighted the importance of accessibility for people of all ages and abilities throughout the Waterloo precinct, in all new buildings and the public domain. Participants also expressed support for a pleasant public domain including streets, parks and public spaces where people can enjoy the outdoors and feel safe.

Easy access to shops, services and public transport were identified as a priority. Many people who took part in the consultation shop locally, access a range of local services (and would like to see further services and facilities located within walking distance as part of the redevelopment), and use public transport to do their shopping, access essential services and meet friends. They expressed a desire for direct and clearly signposted access to local bus stops and Waterloo station. A number of residents were concerned about how to access bus services during the redevelopment period, and wanted any changes to local bus routes to be communicated well in advance.

There were mixed views on the most appropriate pattern for streets and blocks within the precinct as reflected by survey responses and qualitative feedback. The highly walkable character of Option 1 was supported by some, particularly for its interest and sociability, whereas others preferred the diagonal lines and direct connections offered by Option 2. Young people expressed a preference for the walkable street layout of Option 1, with its more traditional street pattern, smaller blocks and laneways. They liked the idea of being able to get from A to B quickly and directly, but also having more flexibility and choice about how to get around within the redevelopment area.

"The street layout should ensure a connection with Green Square." (survey respondent)

"Make it a truly walkable neighbourhood. Ensure all new buildings demonstrate good design. Make it green and lush." (survey respondent)

"I want to be able to just put my headphones in and take the back way if I'm not feeling like dealing with people that day." (Young person living in the Waterloo area)

#### Feedback on cycle connections and facilities at Waterloo

Participants commented that the George Street boulevard should not be a thoroughfare but a destination in itself, with clear, designated paths for pedestrians and cyclists to avoid potential conflicts. Most participants were supportive of the proposed cycle connections through the site. However they sought to ensure that pedestrian paths and cycle ways are designed in a way that provides both equitable access and safety. Participants identified cyclists speeding through the estate as an existing problem that should be rectified as part of the redevelopment. Participants expressed concern that the boulevard could become a thoroughfare with cyclists "flying through" at high speed, making this space unfriendly and potentially unsafe for pedestrians. Suggestions included dedicated walk/cycle ways, speed limits and signage and other calming measures such as physical barriers.

People who took part in the consultation process also comment ed on the importance of connections between the George Street boulevard and the wider Waterloo area. A pedestrian overpass/ramp at McEvoy Street was suggested to provide good access and to enable a sense of integration between the precinct and wider neighbourhood. Participants also commented that the location of the George Street boulevard should be considered to ensure it is user-friendly. They noted that the boulevard leads to McEvoy Street, with one commenting "there's nothing down there!".

"The cyclists and the pedestrians, how are they going to be separated. Because we have had problems with Waterloo Green."

#### Feedback on traffic and parking

Current and future traffic congestion was commonly raised as a concern by participants. They commented on the increasing number of vehicles on local roads related to cumulative development in Waterloo and surrounding suburbs. Some raised concern about the proposal to open up Pitt Street to McEvoy Street, commenting that this could result in more traffic and adversely impact the village feel of the local area. Additional traffic in this location was identified as a pedestrian safety issue for parents and children visiting Mount Carmel School, the local park and playground.

Participants also raised concerns about potential congestion in Cope Street if it were to become a "kiss and drop' style zone for people accessing the Waterloo Station. Other concerns related to increased traffic congestion associated with the redevelopment of Waterloo more generally. Some people welcomed the idea of a 'car free' lifestyle (for instance, with improved public transport and community transport options in place), while others did not. Differences aside, people highlighted the importance of a functioning local road network to enable residents who need to drive their own vehicle to get to and from the precinct by car. Onsite carparking for social housing residents specifically and other residents of the future precinct, was viewed as an important priority. Participants were supportive of the proposal for car parking to be provided underground at the redeveloped Waterloo. However, there were mixed views on the proposed level of provision. Residents of the estate were generally supportive of the proposed 'no loss of parking for social housing residents'. However, some people who took part in the consultation process commented that more than 'one parking space per two apartments' should be provided to meet the needs of future residents and visitors. Some suggested that storage space for residents should be provided alongside car parking spaces and that buildings should be future-proofed to ensure basement parking areas can adapt to changes in technology, such as a future with driverless cars.

Participants also commented on increased demand for on street parking in the local neighbourhood related to the redevelopment of Waterloo estate and the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station. They expressed particular concern that residents of Waterloo suburb would have to compete with users of the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station for parking.

#### Feedback on other issues to be considered under this theme

Good access to the Waterloo precinct for emergency services and community transport services was also raised.

## 6.2. Towards a preferred master plan

There was strong support for the following *common elements* of the three redevelopment options: making Waterloo a pedestrian priority precinct; access to the majority of local needs within 200 metres of homes; and slow to shared streets. While there was limited discussion relating to the specific idea of an accessible local movement route for people of all ages and abilities within the precinct, feedback suggests that safe and pleasant connections throughout the local neighbourhood are widely regarded as important. People identified a wide range of activities they would like to be able to do within a short distance from home (see also 'Culture and Community Life' in section 5).

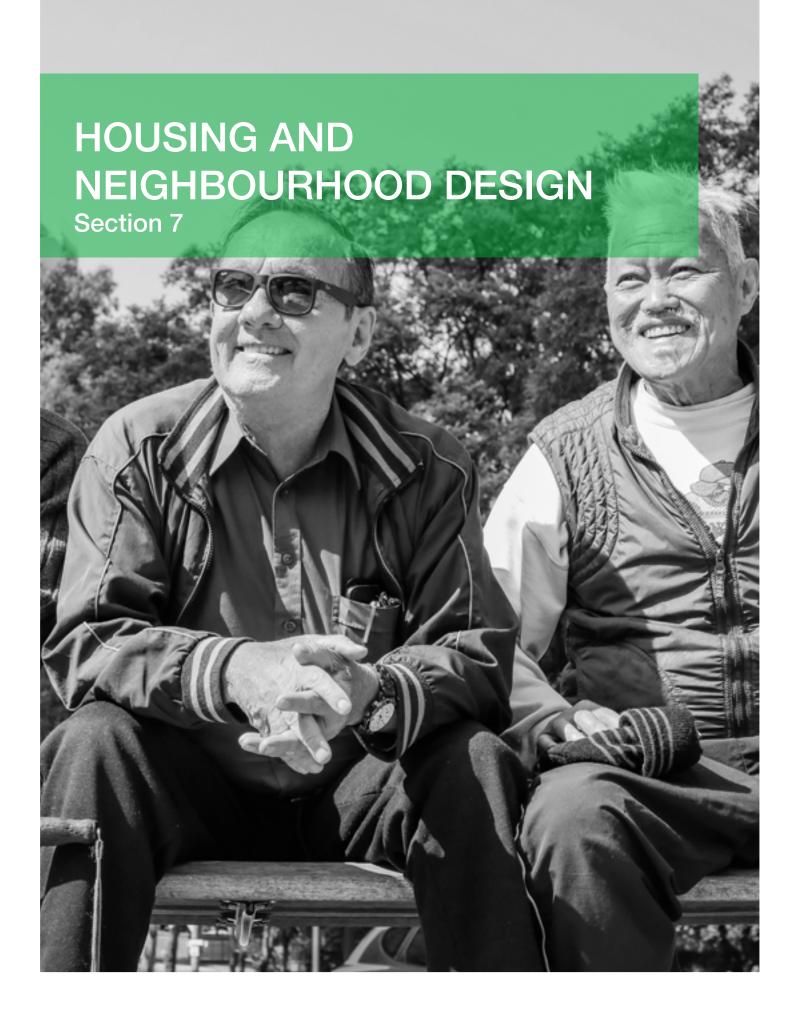
In terms of proposed changes to the local network of streets and roads, concern was raised about the proposal to open up Pitt Street which participants believed could result in ratrunning and pedestrian safety issues and the treatment of Cope Street to minimise congestion around the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station. Provision of adequate carparking to meet the needs of new and existing residents was strongly supported, with mixed views expressed on the **level of carparking provision** proposed by the three options of one parking space per two apartments. The preferred master plan should consider and address traffic and parking concerns with reference to the relevant technical study.

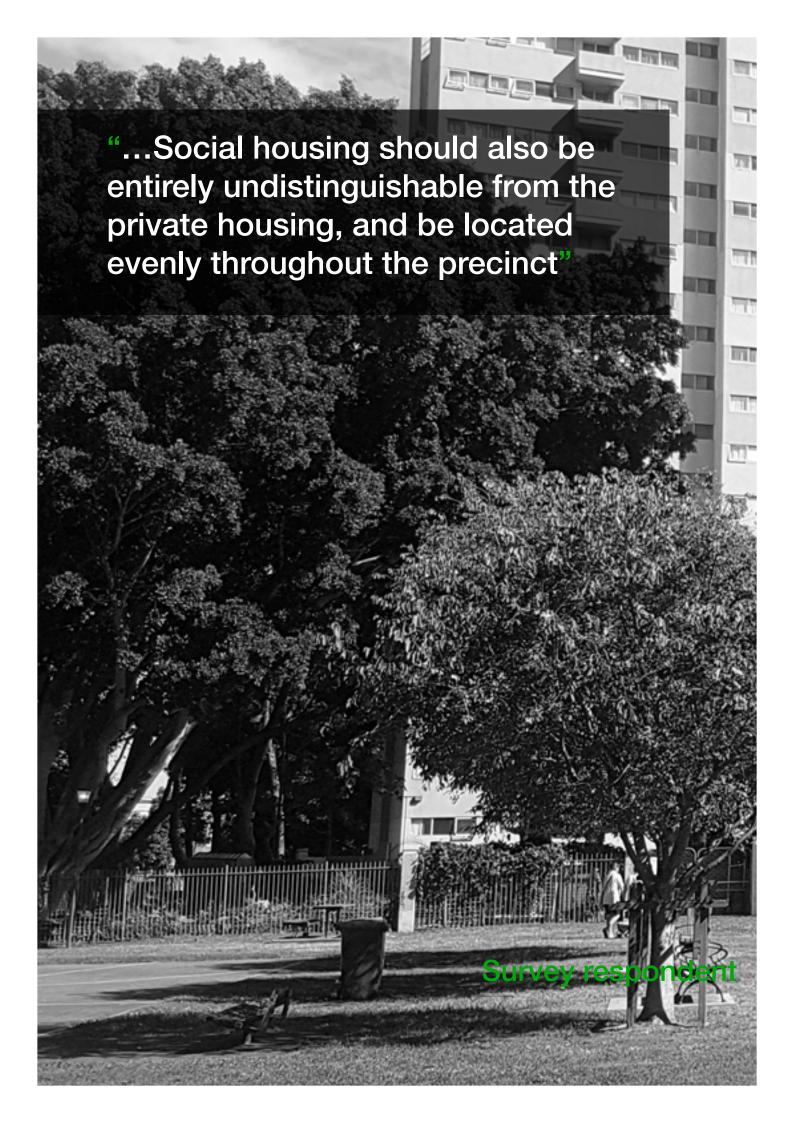
Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

 Street types and blocks – There were mixed views on the most appropriate pattern for streets and blocks within the precinct. There was strong support for an accessible public domain for people of all ages and abilities, that provides a pleasant environment and where people feel safe. The highly walkable character of Option 1 was supported by some, particularly for its interest and sociability, whereas others preferred the diagonal lines and direct connections offered by Option 2. The preferred master plan should incorporate multiple ways for people to get around the precinct, offering members of the community choice, and providing opportunities for people to come together as well as to enjoy their own space.

- George Street boulevard Importantly, the preferred master plan should ensure that the George Street boulevard space provides for the needs of both pedestrians and cyclists through adequate separation of these users, best practice design, and slow speed limits for cyclists. See also 'Environment and Open Space' in section 10.
- Location of the accessible local movement route See 'Environment and Open Space' in section 10







# 7. Theme: Housing and neighbourhood design

## 7.1. What we heard at options testing

#### 7.1.1. Detailed feedback

#### Feedback on the proposed built form

People who participated in the consultation process expressed a wide range of views on the built form proposed as part of the three redevelopment options.

Views on the proposed **building heights and types** were mixed, with many people expressing a preference for the building heights as per Option 1, with a maximum of up to 32 storeys. This includes people who commented that building heights of around 30 storeys. similar to Matavai and Turanga, would be appropriate. 5 Whereas some regarded 30 storeys as being too tall. There was some support for buildings of 40 storeys in height or taller. Some participants were less concerned with height than with the *number* of taller buildings proposed, expressing a desire for the number of taller buildings to be reduced. There were mixed views on the proposed building types expressed by survey respondents and in qualitative feedback.

Social housing residents commonly saw themselves living on a similar level within the redeveloped Waterloo, as where they live now. For those who are currently living on or close to ground level, they expressed a preference to live on or near ground level in future. Those who live on the mid to higher levels of buildings now commonly saw themselves living on these levels in future. People with a preference for mid and higher-level living commented on the importance of having a view / outlook (eg over the district or open space areas) and good access to sunlight. Some said that this style of living offered them a greater sense of security than living on lower levels. Issues raised in relation to higher rise living commonly focused on: ensuring that taller buildings have more than one lift and that these are well maintained; and providing social and affordable housing residents with choice to ensure that people who are not suited to living at higher levels are accommodated at the low and mid-levels (such as people with mental health issues).

Feedback commonly focused on the high level of **density** proposed by all three options. Many people including survey respondents expressed a desire for the redevelopment to offer a lower density urban environment (with some noting that Option 1 has a greater number of buildings than Options 2 and 3). Some people commented that they do not support any redevelopment of the Waterloo estate.

"Reduce the density of this proposal and provide greater green space." (survey respondent)

"Overshadowing will be a significant issue. There is no point having green spaces which are in shadow in winter as the plants will not thrive..." (survey respondent)

"I am fearful that the Waterloo Village Green will lose its vibrant and friendly atmosphere if overbuilt by having larger towers which causes over populating!" (survey respondent)

Noting that these existing buildings comprise 29 storeys plus two additional levels of plant (ie approximately 31 storeys in

People commented on the importance of the redevelopment being done well to ensure the future Waterloo does not become a "concrete jungle" or "forest of towers". Feedback focused on managing the impacts of taller buildings including overshadowing and wind tunnel effects, and designing the built form around the natural environment. A high quality public domain including sunny parks and streets, mature trees and appropriate community infrastructure were seen as key aspects of the redeveloped Waterloo.

Loss of character was raised as an issue by residents of the estate and wider local area. Private residents commented on the low density nature of the area around the estate, its heritage value and unique character defined by less traffic and greener blocks than other parts of Waterloo. They commented on the importance of not just minimising the impact of the redevelopment, but of ensuring the Waterloo precinct integrates with the surrounding area and existing local community. They expressed particular concern about how the redevelopment will interface with existing terrace homes and buildings located around the site, and measures to ensure a high level of neighbourhood amenity throughout the redevelopment process and following its completion (including access to services, parking and opportunities to minimise traffic impacts on local streets). Participants expressed a desire for new buildings to be well designed, built to last, diverse and visually appealing.

Some commented that the redevelopment, given its proposed density, should deliver a higher quantum of social and affordable housing to meet the needs of people currently on the social housing waiting list and to address increasing demand for social and affordable housing in Sydney. For instance, a number of local stakeholders expressed the view that if Option 3 is selected (with 700 more dwellings than Option 1) then all of these additional dwellings should be dedicated social housing. Participants expressed a desire for the redevelopment to include Aboriginal affordable housing.

More spacious and better designed apartments including balconies were commonly identified as being important for residents of the precinct. There was support for the proposed dwelling mix - with all redevelopment options including a mix of studio, one, two, three and four-bedroom apartments. Participants generally wanted to live in a home the same size or larger than their existing home. In particular, the importance of larger apartments was highlighted in order to meet the needs of families. Participants expressed a desire for high quality homes that meet the diverse needs of residents, respond to changing lifecycle needs (including being fully accessible), provide indoor and outdoor space, improved safety and security, and storage space.

"Increased public and affordable housing units that also provide a diversity of sizes (i.e. 1, 2 and 3 bedrooms - not all 1-bedroom units)."

There were mixed views about **retaining and renewing existing buildings** on the site such as Matavai and Turanga. Some people commented that these buildings are important from a heritage and character perspective. While others were keen to see these buildings redeveloped, commenting that apartments in these buildings are too small to meet the needs of residents and lack important features such as balconies, built ins and accessibility.

"[resident of Turanga] I have to eat standing up. There's nowhere to dry my clothes... Because there is no balcony it feels like my head is going [crazy]..."

"I strongly suggest to remove the two towers [ie Matavai and Turanga]."

Participants were supportive of underground car parking for residents at the redeveloped Waterloo (as discussed in section 6 of this report).

Feedback emphasised the importance of the redevelopment supporting new and existing residents as part of a place that is socially, economically and environmentally sustainable. New buildings should be designed and delivered to reflect leading practice principles

and provide reduced running costs through good solar access, cross flow ventilation and renewable energy initiatives. Suggestions included installation of solar panels to generate energy for onsite use, thus reducing energy bills for residents. Buildings should be equipped with new technologies including high speed internet and should be future-proofed to respond to emerging technologies as they arise.

#### Feedback on the mix of social, affordable and private housing

There was strong support for social, affordable and private housing to be evenly distributed across the whole of the Waterloo precinct and to ensure that all members of the community are accommodated in high quality new homes. However, there were mixed views on the appropriate mix of dwellings within individual buildings as demonstrated in both survey responses and qualitative feedback. Survey responses indicate that approximately 42% of respondents wanted private housing to be provided in separate buildings (ie 26% wanted social and affordable housing separate to private, and 16% wanted all three types of housing separate). Another 45% sought for social and affordable and or private housing to be integrated within buildings. Participants who expressed a preference for social, affordable and private housing to be provided within the same building felt that this would be more equitable and help support social cohesion. Some believed that integrating social and affordable housing could help to enable pathways from social to affordable housing particularly among younger residents. A range of suggestions were made about building design to support an integrated approach to housing.

Conversely, people who wanted social and affordable housing to be provided separately from private dwellings highlighted the complexities of meeting the diverse needs and expectations of social, affordable and private housing residents within the same building. Concerns focused mainly on how public and private tenants would get on, how the specific needs of social housing tenants would be addressed, and how building maintenance and strata levies would be managed so as not to result in higher costs for social housing tenants. It was suggested that high care tenants or people with complex needs should be accommodated in particular buildings (or levels within buildings), to ensure their home environment is fit for purpose and they receive the appropriate level of support to meet their needs.

"[A mixed approach with social, affordable and private housing in the same buildings would make it nicer to live with people of different ages and different backgrounds, as it could teach people better behaviour, manners and hygiene."

"I just think if it's mixed, I just don't know how you guys are going to organise it. If there is a maintenance issue who are we going to call?"

"Social cohesion thrives in mixed communities." (survey respondent)

"Social housing should be indistinguishable from other housing." (survey respondent)

Those who wanted to see social and affordable in the same building alongside private housing in separate buildings were in favour of a complete social mix from an equity perspective, but felt that this would be very difficult if not impossible to achieve in reality. Some felt there would be tension between public and private housing tenants, and that social and affordable housing residents would be more likely to be tolerant of any issues arising than private residents. Participants also commented that while all buildings should be well maintained, private residents may have higher expectations – and thus higher strata levies – associated with management of private dwellings which would be unaffordable for social and affordable housing residents.

Whatever the social mix, feedback suggests it is important that public and private housing are indistinguishable from one another and that all residents have equitable access to facilities such as community meeting rooms (in all buildings). Several participants also commented

that all new housing should exemplify 'development done well' and the redevelopment should provide numerous opportunities for residents of social, affordable and private housing to meet and connect.

#### Feedback on recognising and celebrating Aboriginal culture and heritage

A critical element of the redevelopment of Waterloo is recognising and celebrating Aboriginal culture and heritage. Ensuring Waterloo remains a place where Aboriginal residents feel a strong sense of community connection, pride and belonging was identified as fundamental to the success of the redevelopment. Key to this is the provision of culturally appropriate housing to meet the needs of Aboriginal people and their families. Feedback focused on the need for new housing that is well designed, spacious (to provide for families and visiting relations), provides acoustic privacy (to avoid noise transfer between apartments and related complaints), offers indoor and outdoor space, and ensures balconies are child-friendly. Balcony spaces should be specifically designed to address potential safety issues and to function as usable spaces that can be opened up to let the outdoors in, or closed down to become an extension of the home, to flexibly accommodate the needs of families (for instance, box-style balconies with operable louvres).

Some Aboriginal residents who took part in the consultation expressed a desire to live in lower rise buildings and for buildings to be future-proofed with relevant technology (wi-fi etc). Dedicated Aboriginal affordable housing was also regarded as important to ensure that Waterloo remains a place that Aboriginal residents can call home and to ensure that it does not become another Redfern where it was felt the Aboriginal community has been displaced. Respect for Aboriginal people and a means to address racial intolerance are critical if Aboriginal people living in the redeveloped Waterloo are to feel respected and welcome as the area is transformed through redevelopment.

"We are in a three-bedroom place, we usually have family come and stay with us...the issue is are we going to be sent a two-bedroom place?"

#### Feedback on communal spaces in and around buildings

There was a desire for communal spaces to be provided as part of each new building including both indoor and outdoor areas. These communal spaces were described as being important places for residents to come together to sit and have a chat, play games, read a book or enjoy some quiet time (eg for meeting up with friends, playing chess, Mah-jong, table tennis and listening to music). They were described as particularly important places in the redevelopment for social, affordable and private residents to meet and socialise and to help create a socially integrated community. People highlighted the importance of communal spaces being appealing, comfortable and well maintained.

#### Feedback on other issues to be considered under this theme

Another issue raised in feedback on this theme was the critical importance of ongoing **communications** with the community, including social housing residents, private residents and local stakeholders throughout planning and delivery of the redevelopment. Good quality information, clear communication and respectful treatment of residents is paramount.

#### This includes:

- Communicating with social housing residents about staging of the redevelopment and arrangements for relocations and rehousing – for individuals and across the board.
- Addressing concerns relating to misinformation among social housing residents. This includes concerns: that the northern part of the site would be redeveloped for private housing only and that social housing residents would be relocated to the southern parts of the estate: and that residents would be relocated out of the local area.

"When are we being moved and where are we being moved to...it is important because people are worried"

"The issue is this, that we are all going out to Blacktown"

"People need to know exact times when they'll be moved back" (survey respondent)

- Ongoing communications with the surrounding community to ensure that community perspectives are given appropriate consideration and construction impacts are minimised. Some private residents and stakeholders who took part in the options testing phase of consultation commented that their feedback from the visioning phase was not adequately reflected in the three redevelopment options. They expressed concern about the 15-20 year timeframe for the redevelopment and how local residential amenity would be ensured during that period (eg to mitigate impacts such as construction noise and truck movements).
- There was concern among private landowners that the Study Requirements indicate the need for two workshops, and that while these workshops have been conducted (one in visioning and two in options testing), this was not regarded as being adequate. They expressed a desire for further detailed technical information (for instance on shadowing, wind and traffic impacts) and an opportunity to comment on the detailed master plan. Residents of Wellington Street also requested additional consultation with specific landowners as they have a variety of different concerns.
- Private landowners raised concerns about the building heights shown on the presentation materials and the development potential of their sites. They queried how the proposed heights and uplift had been established and commented that private landowner needs relating to the redevelopment had not been appropriately considered to date. They were of the view that the proposed floor space ratio (FSR) would not result in the fair and impartial distribution of development potential between private and government-owned land, as set out in the Study Requirements. Comments focused on a desire for greater uplift to ensure that private landowners are not adversely impacted by the redevelopment, and have an opportunity to sell their properties/sites if they choose to.
- There were mixed views among private landowners on the proposed building heights, with some expressing a desire for more and or taller buildings than proposed to ensure that the highest possible development potential of the site is achieved. Conversely other private landowners commented that the proposed building heights were too high and expressed concern about high rise buildings leading to overshadowing and privacy impacts.
- Several private landowners were concerned about parking, commenting that on street parking in Waterloo would be impacted by the new Waterloo Station. The level of proposed parking provision for the Waterloo redevelopment, as per the City of Sydney parking requirements, was regarded as being inadequate to accommodate demand among new and future populations. Participants also queried the proposed mix of public and private housing. They commented that the local area is already over populated and that Government owned land should not be sold for the purposes of private housing development.

It is noted that all stakeholders including private landowners within the State Significant Precinct will have further opportunity to provide comment through formal submissions to the Department of Planning and Environment, as part of the statutory exhibition period.

## 7.2 Towards a preferred master plan

There was strong support for the preferred master plan to incorporate the following *common* elements of the three redevelopment options:

- Mix of apartment sizes and types the proposed mix of apartments (from studios to four-bedroom homes) received across the board support. There was some support for dual key apartments as homes that would offer flexibility to residents and families. The preferred master plan should incorporate a range of apartment types and sizes.
- Mix of social, affordable and private housing there was strong support for the even distribution of social, affordable and private dwellings across the site. However, there was no overall consensus on the appropriate mix of these types of dwellings within individual buildings (as noted in section 1.3.3). The preferred master plan could offer opportunities to provide tenants with choice – by delivering a range of housing options such as: stand alone buildings that provide social, affordable and private housing; buildings that integrate social and affordable housing together; buildings that provide social housing that is specifically designed to meet the needs of particular groups of tenants (such as those with complex needs). Buildings that integrate social, affordable and private housing together may also be considered. However the challenges identified in relation to this type of arrangement for community cohesion, building management, maintenance and related costs/strata levies would need to be addressed. High quality homes and consistent standards of building maintenance should apply across all new buildings.
- Appropriate arrangement of taller buildings there was support for locating taller buildings to provide good amenity and outlook, access to sunlight and natural ventilation. However, there were mixed views about the extent to which the three options would achieve this. The preferred master plan should maximise views, privacy, solar access and airflow for residents through adequate space between buildings and good apartment design. It should also seek to minimise impacts on the surrounding neighbourhood including overshadowing of homes and the public domain.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

- Building heights There were mixed views on the building heights and types with many people expressing a preference for the building heights as per Option 1, with a maximum of up to 32 storeys. There was some support for buildings of 40 storeys in height or taller. The preferred plan should seek to maximise amenity and minimise impacts for residents of the site and surrounding area. Key issues for consideration in the preferred plan include maximising solar access to homes and open space areas and addressing potential wind effects.
- Building types Feedback does not provide a clear preference in terms of the slender towers in Option 1, the landscaped terrace-style podium buildings in Option 2, or the courtyard style buildings in Option 3. Green buildings and green spaces around buildings were strongly supported, such as the terrace / rooftop spaces highlighted in Options 1 and 2, and the ground level courtyards in Option 3. The preferred master plan should specify a range of these types of spaces within new buildings.



## 8. Theme: Community facilities, services and shops

## 8.1. What we heard at options testing

#### 8.1.1. Detailed feedback

#### Feedback on the different approaches to community facilities, services and shops

Community facilities, services and shops were widely identified as being important by people who participated in the consultation process. Social housing residents emphasised the need for facilities and services that are welcoming and meet the needs of all members of the community including people of all ages and abilities.

Residents of the estate, private residents and local services were generally very supportive of the proposal to provide people with more options and greater choice in terms of shops and services closer to home. Community facilities, services and shops should be located within easy access of homes to create small "villages" and support a walkable neighbourhood. It was commented that "easy walking distance" means different things to different people, noting that the elderly, people with disability and families with children require particular consideration in development of the preferred master plan to support a high level of access across the precinct for all.

Grocery stores, a medical centre, allied health professionals (including dentist, physiotherapist), and other everyday services such as a post office, were widely identified as important for the renewed Waterloo. The preferred master plan should enable residents to live in a way that recognises "we are social and solitary", for instance through initiatives such as seating in parks and 'social corners'.

Specialist support services should continue to play a strong role in the neighbourhood to provide for the needs of local community across areas including mental health, Aboriginal health, youth and ageing. Facilities, services and shops should be easily accessible and affordable.

"To me the most important thing is to have access to shops and services."

Participants expressed a desire for community facilities, services and spaces that bring people together, support social interaction and provide opportunities for learning, growth and leadership. This includes spaces for existing members of the community to socialise and spend time with their existing friends and networks (as a critical part of maintaining the unique sense of community and people-focused character of Waterloo), as well as spaces that provide opportunities for new and existing residents to interact and get to know one another in ways that are comfortable and make the most of what diverse members of the community have to offer.

There was a preference for there to be clusters or hubs of community facilities, services and shops but also with some spread throughout the site for ease of access. Participants expressed mixed views on the proposed options, as shown in the survey and qualitative feedback. A number of participants also suggested integrating retail and services with the environment and open space. Feedback focused on the importance of shops that are affordable for residents of social and affordable housing, rather than catering only to private residents, and people wanted to know how affordability could be "guaranteed" as part of the redevelopment. Gentrification of the area was identified as a key challenge and participants did not want to see things like "generic coffee shops". Social housing residents were particularly concerned about being priced out of the new shops and services. People commonly expressed a desire for the redeveloped Waterloo to include shops like Aldi and medical services that provide bulk billing.

The need for **social infrastructure** to accompany the redevelopment was raised widely in feedback. Across all stakeholder groups, people expressed a desire for social infrastructure to be provided early, to support members of the local community from the earliest stages the redevelopment process. Private residents highlighted the importance of a quality public domain and new community facilities to support the needs of social housing residents and those in the wider local area. Participants were supportive of new local facilities such as a public library and school.

"Prior to approving any new buildings the government and local councils need to build the necessary infrastructure..." (survey respondent)

Participants commented that the **economic viability** of new retail and commercial spaces should be carefully considered to ensure they are well patronised and contribute to a lively neighbourhood environment. For instance, some believed they should not be located too close to the Waterloo Station so as to compete with it.

#### Feedback on recognising and celebrating Aboriginal culture and heritage

Participants expressed a strong desire for the redevelopment to **recognise and celebrate Aboriginal culture and heritage** as intrinsic to the past, present and future of Waterloo as a place and community. Numerous opportunities for Aboriginal cultural expression were identified including an Aboriginal cultural centre, dedicated Aboriginal community garden, Aboriginal museum, and interpretive elements of the redevelopment such as public signage, naming of parks, streets and buildings, and landscaping. Other suggestions included Aboriginal art on building facades and pavements, as well as graffiti spaces.

Facilities and spaces that support **knowledge sharing about Aboriginal culture** among the broader local community and visitors were regarded as providing opportunities for community learning, healing and pride. Some commented that spaces for cultural education and celebration could help to address racial intolerance and support cohesion within the community.

Others believed that initiatives of this type should be developed and implemented in close liaison with the local Aboriginal community and support local economic development opportunities that benefit the Aboriginal community at Waterloo. For instance, by supporting members of the Aboriginal community to start up / grow their small business, providing a space for business related speaking events and workshops, providing a retail shopfront for small businesses to sell / market test their products, and attracting visitors to the precinct through a series of (temporary or permanent) activations such as "Black Markets."

"An Aboriginal cultural centre would be a place to recognise our culture and show respect for Indigenous people and be a place to say sorry."

"[On an ideas exchange or recycling exchange] Positive things bring positive energy."

"Small Indigenous businesses is what I'm thinking... [other participant] there are some very talented young people out in the community and not just in art but in other areas."

"There [should be] small businesses, whether it be [selling] t-shirts or making didgeridoos for the local community, there are plenty of artists around here...... [other participant] like the Black Markets at Bare Island La Perouse."

"Huge amounts of kids are coming into the area, but where are the schools?"

"We don't want to feel like we are just an interesting group of people. We want to live here not just have houses here."

#### Feedback on educational institutions, programs and employment

Members of the community discussed the importance of a range of educational facilities and programs to meet the needs of existing and future residents, commenting on the significant increase in the residential community associated with the redevelopment of Waterloo. Social infrastructure identified by the community to accompany the redevelopment included a new school - with emphasis on early delivery to address existing and future demand.

Onsite access to library services and affordable childcare were also suggested. Chinese residents identified a need for "education programs that help people integrate into the community" such as English language classes.

Participants expressed a desire for employment assistance and small business support services to enable residents to access employment and acquire the skills to run their own businesses. Opportunities to boost the local economy were identified as being particularly for social housing residents including young people and Aboriginal people, and to provide older people with opportunities to earn an income. Services and supports should be low or no cost. Other suggestions for education and learning programs included an education centre for people from non English speaking backgrounds, mentoring programs, and jobreadiness programs.

Further to this, Aboriginal employment in the redevelopment process was identified as a high priority and opportunity to engage the local Aboriginal community. Importantly, employment programs and opportunities should go beyond the mandated targets for government projects. Suggestions included engaging local Aboriginal artists, landscape designers and architects to contribute to future stages of the redevelopment process.

#### Feedback on programs for health and wellness

Space within the redevelopment area for health and wellness facilities and programs was widely identified as an important aspect of supporting community wellbeing. Participants emphasised the need for facilities and services to be accessible and affordable. Health services identified as being important to respond to the existing and future needs of the local community included: General Practitioner services (including bulk-billing), allied health services (such as physiotherapists and dentists), specialist Aboriginal medical services and mental health services.

The redevelopment was seen as presenting a potential opportunity to support highly valued existing local services by providing appropriate space onsite or upgrades to their existing facilities. For instance, services such as The Fact Tree were described as providing a high level of community support but from a space that could benefit from building improvements.

Participants expressed strong support for an onsite aged care facility as well as agerelated support services to assist elderly residents to age in place. Age related facilities and support services were identified as being critical to the redevelopment process, with a view to maximising the (physical and mental) health and wellbeing of elderly residents and minimising disruptions to their everyday lives. The relocation and rehousing process should ensure that all residents of Waterloo estate, including those who are elderly, are treated with the highest levels of care, respect and respect.

Other facilities and programs relating to health and wellness identified by members of the community included an aquatic centre, indoor recreation facility, outdoor sports courts and exercise equipment, supported by appropriate programming. Children's play areas, basketball courts and dedicated spaces for dogs (separate from children's play areas) were also suggested.

Access for emergency vehicles and community support vehicles (such as service providers, meals on wheels, community bus) should be built into the redevelopment.

## 8.2. Towards a preferred master plan

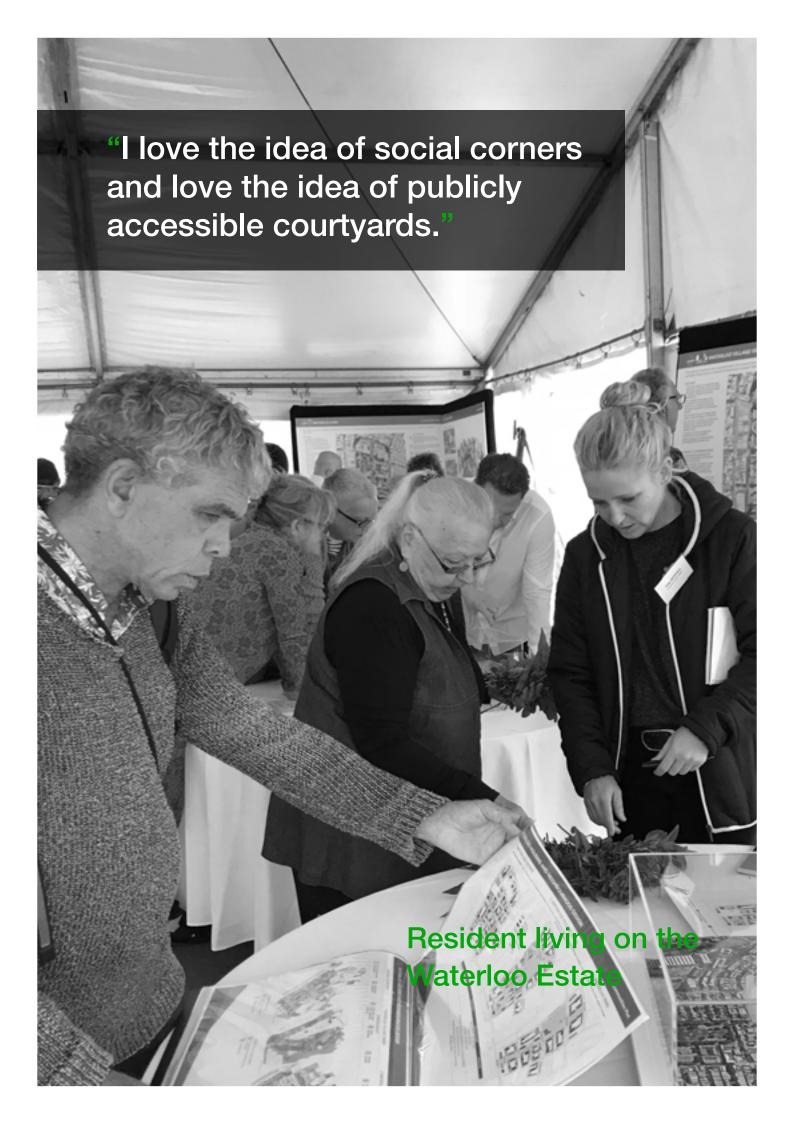
Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed the high level of importance of community facilities, services and shops to support new and existing residents of the Waterloo precinct. There was strong support for the following common *elements* of the three redevelopment options:

- Provision of learning, health and childcare these services received across the board support. People expressed a desire for a range of services to meet the needs of new and existing residents within easy walking distance of homes, as proposed by all three of the redevelopment options. The preferred master plan should consider opportunities for education, spaces for community learning, childcare and health services. Provision of social infrastructure should be undertaken early to support community cohesion as well as accommodating growth in the residential population.
- Provision of community rooms, creative and multipurpose spaces feedback focused on providing a range of community facilities such as meeting rooms, flexible multipurpose spaces, and spaces designed to support the specific needs of particular groups within the community including Aboriginal residents and young people. Support was expressed for a range of spaces of different sizes and within easy walking distance of homes, as proposed by all three of the redevelopment options. The preferred master plan should include a range of spaces to meet the needs of existing and future residents. Provision of social infrastructure should be undertaken early.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

- Focus of community facilities, services and shops People were supportive of clustering community facilities, services and shops to create a centre of activity, as part of an activated and sociable neighbourhood where people, services, retailers and businesses thrive. However there were mixed views as to whether the centre of activity should be focused around the 'Metro Quarter and civic plaza' (as in Option 1), or around the 'Metro Quarter directly interfacing the Village Green' (as in Option 2). While there was some support for community facilities, services and shops to be focused around Waterloo Park (as per Option 3), qualitive comments suggested there was less support for these amenities to be arranged along the George Street boulevard (also part of Option 3).
- In addition to the clusters of activity discussed above, there was strong support for further community facilities, services and shops to be spread out across the precinct, as in all three of the redevelopment options. In particular, easy access to community facilities, services and shops within easy walking distance (and gradient) from home was regarded as essential for residents of all ages and abilities (and particularly to meet the everyday needs of social housing residents and older residents as they age).
- **Quantum of shops and services** While there was strong support for a wide range of new shops and services, feedback focused on ensuring the type and mix of shops and services is carefully considered to: support the needs of social housing residents and their families, ensure they are welcoming places for all, provide fresh food to meet people's daily needs, and include cost effective options. They did not support new shops and cafes that cater for the needs of private residents and where people from low income households feel excluded.





## 9. Theme: Environment and open space

## 9.1. What we heard at options testing

#### 9.1.1 Detailed feedback

#### Feedback on public parks and open space

People who participated in the consultation process highly value the **natural environment** and open space on and around the Waterloo social housing estate, and expressed a strong desire for the redevelopment to incorporate green space wherever possible. This was demonstrated in both survey responses and feedback provided through the various face to face activities. Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed the high level of importance of parks and open space areas as an integral element of the Waterloo precinct. Parks and open space areas were seen as critical to support community wellbeing and enjoyment, to "soften" the appearance of the built environment, and to provide a habitat for birds.

People who took part in the consultation process expressed mixed preferences in terms of the layout of public parks and open space as shown in survey responses and qualitative feedback. Some wanted to see Waterloo Green retained and renewed in Option 1, with new parks provided in other parts of the precinct. They expressed a strong desire for equitable access to parks and open space areas for residents living in different parts of the precinct including the southern part of the Waterloo site. Others preferred the idea of a single large park, primarily to enable the community to hold large scale events and activities. Again there were mixed views on the location of a larger park. Concern was expressed about a park located near the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station becoming a commuter thoroughfare, being overused by residents from the wider area, and losing its neighbourhood focus / feeling unsafe.

"I like the spread [of parks] because it means if you're older you can go sit in a smaller area. Four streets are a long way [to walk to get to a park]"

"If you did the bigger park, is that just going to be generic like every other place where hipsters hang out? Or is it going to cater to families and older people? And if so, instead of just having a pond, can we have interactive art and play where kids can play with the water, not just something to sit and look at...?"

"Open space needs to be of outstanding quality for the community to be able to handle such high density. Reducing the density slightly to provide more open space should be considered. Open spaces should provide a good mix of active and passive recreation." (survey respondent)

"Nice central park with facilities similar to Prince Alfred Park." (survey respondent)

#### Feedback on the George Street boulevard and public domain

Overall the proposed transformation of George Street into a green boulevard attracted strong support in the community survey and qualitative comments. There were mixed views on the most desirable width for the boulevard discussed in qualitative feedback. Some people expressed a preference for Option 3 to achieve the largest amount of open space (40m width), while others supported Options 1 or 2 (20-30m width). People with a preference for Options 1 or 2 often talked about creating a more intimate and user-friendly space along George Street. Key issues raised in feedback focused on:

- Making this a place that feels safe, pleasant and welcoming
- Ensuring the space is accessible and usable for people of all ages and abilities (particularly considering the incline of the site)
- Supporting pedestrian safety in this location through measures such as speed limits for cyclists and a separate cycle path
- Realising the 'boulevard' as a series of interconnected parks rather just a linear accessway.

#### Feedback on landscaping approach and trees

There was strong support for Waterloo to retain its characteristic green, leafy appeal. People wanted to see significant trees retained, new trees planted and landscaping used wherever possible to soften the appearance and feel of the built environment. They placed emphasis on retaining mature trees wherever possible and not simply replacing them with small trees/ saplings. Plantings should be selected to provide shade in summer and allow sunlight through in winter. Many people expressed a desire for productive landscapes and native plantings. Some commented that the buildings should be designed around the trees. For instance, Aboriginal, Russian, Chinese themes across three different parks or landscapes.

#### Feedback on other issues to be considered under this theme

Water in the public domain was generally regarded as an appealing element of the redeveloped Waterloo, with people commenting on its calming and cooling effects. Public safety, particularly the safety of children, was commonly raised in discussions about the inclusion of water in public spaces. Many people expressed a desire for the preferred master plan to include opportunities for water play that children can enjoy. Other water features were also suggested such as ponds, fountains and more "natural" water bodies. Water features should be safe, attractive, clean and regularly maintained to ensure they contribute to rather than detract from people's use and enjoyment of the public domain. Aboriginal residents highlighted the cultural importance of water as part of the natural landscape at Waterloo.

"You need water. Water is life."

[on water] "It's about [supporting] mental health too, which is the most important thing."

## 9.2. Towards a preferred master plan

Feedback from members of the community and other stakeholders confirmed the high level of importance of parks and open space areas as an integral element of the Waterloo precinct. There was strong support for the following common elements of the three redevelopment options:

- Community gardens / rooftop gardens noting that there was a strong desire for community gardens to be located at ground level; and mixed support for community gardens and or other types of garden to be located on the rooftops of low to medium rise buildings. Important considerations for community gardens included ensuring that they: are located in areas that receive good solar access; are protected from strong winds; and are designed to support community pride and ownership, while discouraging vandalism / theft. It is recommended that community gardens are established early and in close liaison with community members, in recognition of their intrinsic importance to many residents of Waterloo estate as highly valued community spaces.
- Existing and new trees participants generally expressed a preference for as many of the existing trees on the site to be retained (in line with Option 3), and for new trees planted to provide shade in summer while maximising solar access to public spaces and homes in winter.
- Community gathering spaces noting that people expressed mixed views about which of the three options would provide the best outcome in terms of spaces for larger community gatherings (Option 1 with its three smaller parks or Options 2 and 3 with a larger park).

Other common elements of the three redevelopment options featured less in feedback and or received mixed support. These were:

- Water features water was discussed as being an important and highly valued feature of the public domain by many members of the community. Support for water commonly focused around its cultural significance, its benefits in terms of passive recreation for adults and as an opportunity for children's play, its visual appeal, acoustic qualities, and benefits in terms of health and wellbeing (for instance as a calming aspect of public spaces for people with mental health issues). Concerns raised by people focused on public safety, mosquitos and odour if water features are not well designed / maintained.
- Social corners these spaces, such as street corners and other informal spaces attracted support – as places for people to rest, relax and gather. The preferred master plan should incorporate multiple spaces of this nature that are both appealing and accessible, to support community interaction and pride.
- Accessible courtyards people liked the idea of a variety of green spaces throughout the precinct including ground level open space areas, such as green courtyards, for use by residents. Key considerations raised in relation to these types of spaces were: the importance of solar access to ensure plants grow and people use and enjoy courtyards; whether these spaces would be accessible to people who are not residents of the particular building, and if so, what security measures would be put in place to ensure residents feel safe and secure; whether these spaces would be provided as part of buildings for social housing residents and if so, what opportunity would these residents have to *choose* which building they live in.

Feedback on the *different* elements of the three options indicates that:

- Parks There was a strong preference for Option 1 among some members of the community in terms of renewal of Waterloo Green and the addition of two new parks. However, others expressed a preference for a larger, central park (Waterloo Village Green as in Option 2 or Waterloo Park as in Option 3). Feedback on these two options suggested a stronger preference for Option 2, mainly due to perceptions that a larger park located near the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station could create safety issues or serve the needs of the wider community over those of the Waterloo neighbourhood. Support for Option 1 focused primarily on the number of parks it provides and their distribution across the site, rather than on their smaller size. On this basis, feedback suggests that the preferred master plan should incorporate multiple public parks in different locations across the site including the north and south. If possible, at least one of these parks should be larger than those in Option 1 to enable larger community gatherings and events.
- George Street boulevard Overall feedback focused on providing as much open space on the Waterloo site as possible. However, feedback suggests the width of the George Street boulevard (ranging from 20 metres wide in Option 1 to 40 metres wide in Option 3) may be regarded as less important to members of the community than its design. Key considerations focused on ensuring the George Street boulevard provides an appealing, accessible and safe connection for residents and the wider community. A more "intimate" or narrow boulevard (as in Option 1) could be complimented by a larger public park (ie drawing from the additional width offered by the boulevard in Options 2 and 3).
- Pedestrian links There was strong support for landscaping of pedestrian links and connections and for the incorporation of water (as per the landscaped blue and green pedestrian links in Option 2). Above all, pedestrian connections should be accessible for people of all ages and abilities and should contribute to a walkable neighbourhood providing access to shops, services, parks, the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station, bus stops, and local destinations. Landscaping of pedestrian links should provide shade, be appealing and incorporate a mix of native and productive plantings. It was suggested that landscaping of different parts of the site could be themed. Some participants also expressed a desire for pedestrian links to include weather protection.



# A. Survey Tool

## **Waterloo Redevelopment Consultation**



### Survey on the Redevelopment Options for Waterloo

Thank you for taking the time to share your feedback on the redevelopment options for the Waterloo social housing estate by completing this 10-minute survey. Your feedback will be considered by the Department of Family and Community Services (FACS) in preparing a preferred plan for the redevelopment of Waterloo. To find out more about the three options and further opportunities to provide feedback please go to: https://www.communitiesplus.com.au/major-sites/waterloo

#### Your feedback on the options

L.		lat do you like most about Option 1 waterioo Estate? Please lick up to tillee boxes				
		Waterloo Green is kept and updated				
		Taller buildings are more slender and are located evenly throughout the precinct				
		A retail and services hub is located around the civic plaza and Metro Quarter				
		George Street becomes a 20m wide green pedestrian boulevard				
		The street layout forms a collection of small neighbourhoods and open spaces				
		Other (please describe)				
	□ None of the above (please tell us why)					
		Trone of the above (please tell as Wily)				
		<b>Vhat do you like most about Option 2 'Waterloo Village Green'?</b> <i>Please tick up to three boxes</i>				
2.	Wi	nat do you like most about Option 2 'Waterloo Village Green'? Please tick up to three boxes				
2.	WI	one large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct				
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2.		One large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct				
2.		One large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct  Taller buildings offer more architectural interest and are located along the main pedestrian				
2.		One large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct  Taller buildings offer more architectural interest and are located along the main pedestrian boulevard/blue-green link  Retail and community services are spread throughout the precinct with many located next to the				
2.		One large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct  Taller buildings offer more architectural interest and are located along the main pedestrian boulevard/blue-green link  Retail and community services are spread throughout the precinct with many located next to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station				
2.		One large park, the 'village green', is located in the centre of the precinct  Taller buildings offer more architectural interest and are located along the main pedestrian boulevard/blue-green link  Retail and community services are spread throughout the precinct with many located next to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station  George Street becomes a 20-30m wide green pedestrian boulevard				
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## **Waterloo Redevelopment Consultation**



3.	_	What do you like most about Option 3 'Waterloo Park'? Please tick up to three boxes					
		One large park is located next to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station					
		Taller buildings are located around the central park and main pedestrian boulevard					
		Retail services are focused along George Street and around the park					
		George Street becomes a 40m wide green pedestrian boulevard					
		The street layout forms a collection of larger blocks with a more traditional/grid pattern					
		Other (please describe)					
		None of the above (please tell us why)					
4.	Which is your preferred option for the redevelopment of Waterloo? Please tick one only						
		Waterloo Estate (Option 1)					
		Waterloo Village Green (Option 2)					
		Waterloo Park (Option 3)					
		No preference					
	Please tell us a bit about your response to the question above:						
5.	What are the most important factors you think need to be considered in preparing a <u>preferred plan</u> for Waterloo?  For instance, this could include comments about: Culture and community life; Transport, streets and connections; Housing and neighbourhood design; Community facilities, services and shops; Environment and open space; or any other comments you wish to make.						
	a) .						
	b)						
	c) .						
		options support an integrated community of social, affordable and private housing. Do eve a preference for the way this housing mix is designed?					
		Social and affordable housing should <u>both</u> be provided within the same building, alongside private housing in different buildings Social, affordable and private housing should <u>all</u> be provided within the same building					
		social, anordable and private nousing should <u>all</u> be provided within the same building					

## **Waterloo Redevelopment Consultation**

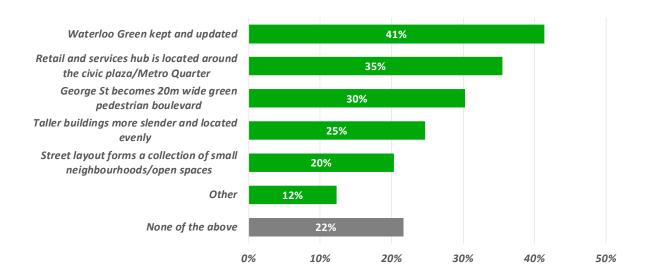


	Social, affordable and private housing should be provided <u>separately</u> in different buildings, alongside one another No preference				
About	t you				
7. Whi	ich option best describes your interest in the project? Please tick all that apply				
	I am a social housing tenant I am renting I own or am buying a home I own or run a business in the local area I work in the local area I am a student in the local area I am a visitor to the area Prefer not to answer Other (please describe)				
8. Whi	ich option best describes where you live? Please tick one only				
	On the Waterloo Housing Estate The rest of Waterloo Another suburb (please provide your postcode)				
9. Wh	at is your age? Please tick one only				
	Under 18 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75+				
10. Ple	ease indicate which language you most often speak at home? Please tick one only				
	English Russian Chinese (Mandarin and/or Cantonese) Other (please specify)				
11. Do you identify as an Australian Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander? Please tick one only					
	Yes No Prefer not to say				
	<b>12.</b> Did you take part in the visioning phase of consultation in October-December 2017? <i>Please tick one only</i>				
	Yes No Not sure				

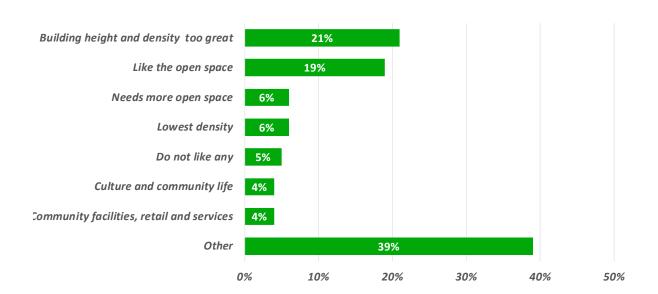
Thank you!

## B. Survey Results

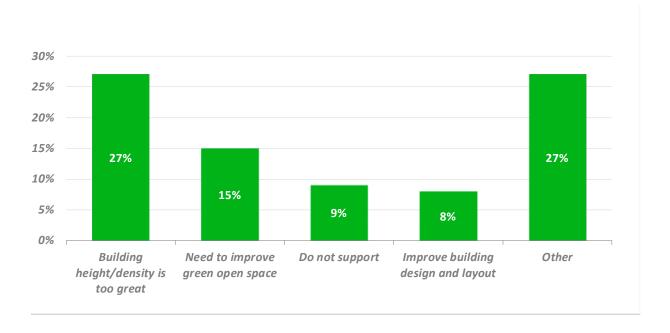
#### Question 1: What do you like most about Option 1 'Waterloo Estate'? (n=490)



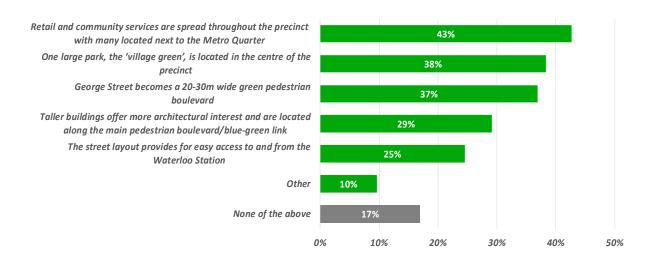
#### Other' comments (n=95)



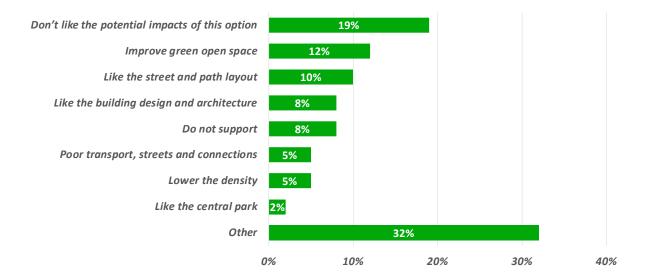
Because you selected 'none of the above' on the previous question (What do you like most about Option 1 'Waterloo Estate'?), please tell us why? (n=74)



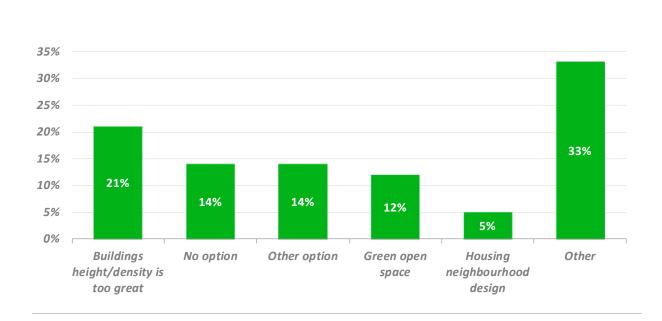
Question 2: What do you like most about Option 2 'Waterloo Village Green'? (n=490)



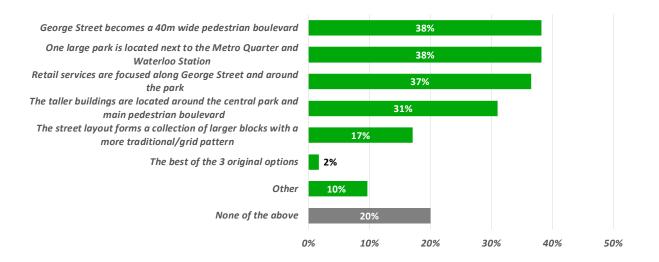
#### 'Other' (n=59)



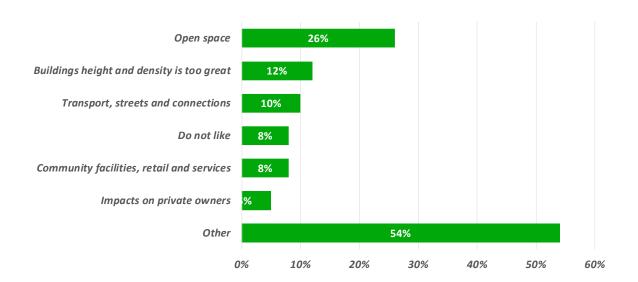
#### Because you selected 'none of the above' to Q3, what do you like most about Option 2? (n=42)



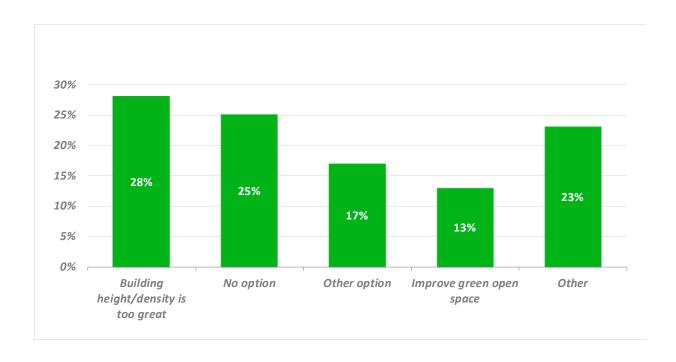
#### Question 5: What do you like most about Option 3 'Waterloo Park'? (n=490)



#### 'Other' (n=59)



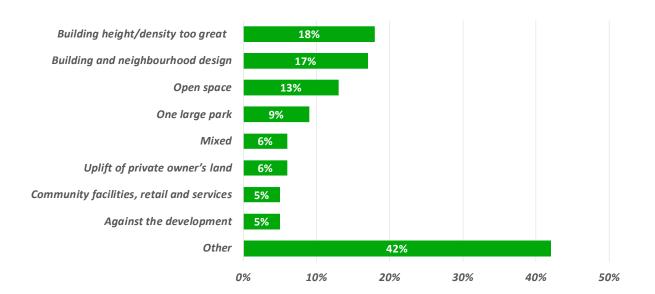
#### Because you selected 'none of the above' to Q5, what do you like most about Option 3? (n=47)



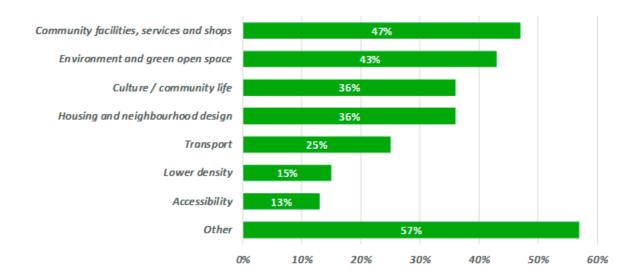
Question 4: Which is your preferred option for the redevelopment of Waterloo? (n=490)



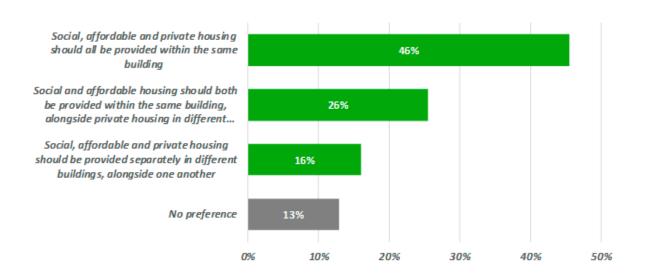
Please tell us a bit about your response to Q7, what is you preferred option for the redevelopment of Waterloo? (n=207)



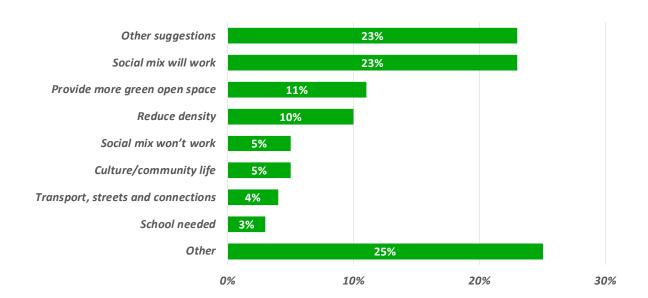
Question 5: What are the most important factors you think need to be considered in preparing a preferred plan for Waterloo? (n=260)



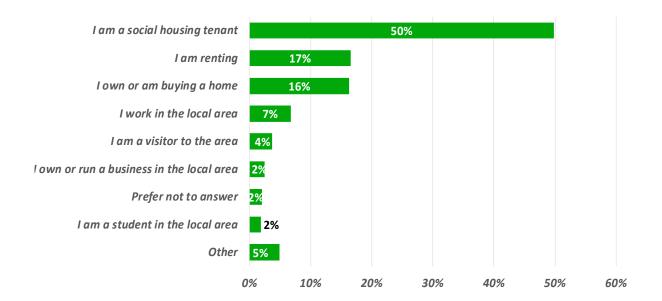
Question 6: All options support an integrated community of social, affordable and private housing. Do you have a preference for the way this housing mix is designed? (n=380)



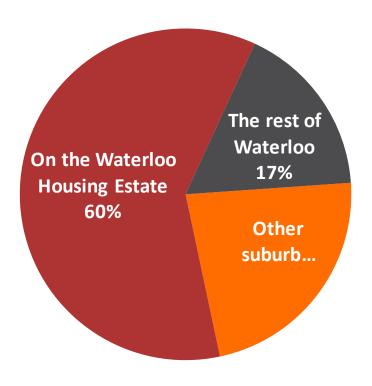
#### Please add any further comments (n=140)



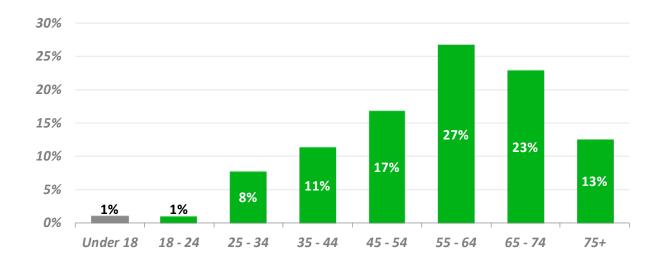
Question 7: Which option best describes your interest in the project? (n=490)



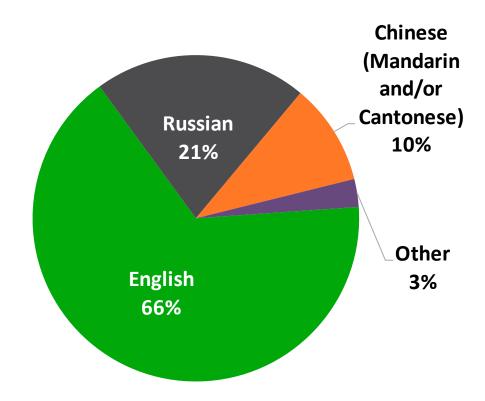
Question 8: Which option best describes where you live? (n=417)



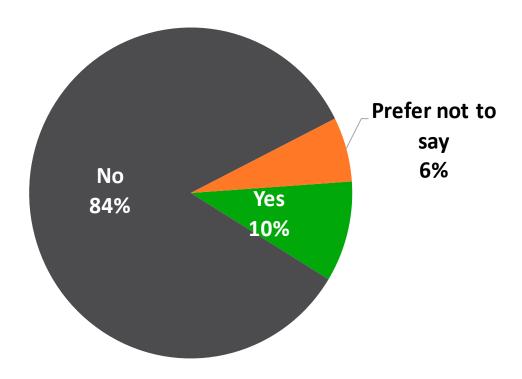
#### Question 9: Age (n=398)



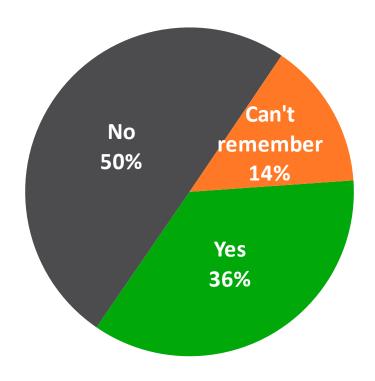
Question 10: Please indicate which language you most often speak at home? (n=398)



Question 11: Do you identify as an Australian Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander? (n=396)



Question 12: Did you take part in the visioning? (n=360)



#### Selection of comments from survey respondents:

"Promotion of a 'Village atmosphere' will hopefully tie all residents to a central community hub via layout."

"Encourage more social life within the community...set aside open days for multi-cultural markets and events." (survey respondent)

"I would love to see Waterloo become an attractive community that will welcome everyone in Greater Sydney." (survey respondent)

"There need[s] to be quiet areas as well as all the open areas for community activities. The population will be quite dense and care must be taken to provide for people who need calm and guiet for their mental and spiritual health. There are fragile people in every community who need to "get away from it all" for a while." (survey respondent)

"Benefit to the community and society in general. Considering that the project implies to sell public land, the benefits to the community need to be important. In that regard, a more important proportion of the development to be social and affordable housing should be considered. Social housing should also be entirely undistinguishable from the private housing, and be located evenly throughout the precinct." (survey respondent)

"Provide glorious gardens on each rooftop, so that in reality, no green space is lost, it is simply higher up with fresher air and better views of our beautiful city." (survey respondent)

"Our Waterloo Estate gives us all a unique opportunity to create a unique and magnificent precinct of architecturally fabulous, rare, futuristic, towers of high density that is very different to anything Australia has previously experienced and give a more modern creativity than anything Australia has yet created. I believe it is time for such a worthwhile area, so close to our Sydney CBD, to finally integrate something beautiful and futuristic, yet celebrating our exceptionally harmonious multicultural society. We actually have an artist's blank canvas: So, let's not waste this rare opportunity; Let's not repeat the past; Let's Do Something Different; Let's "Make Happen A NEW Wonder of the World" inside our Waterloo Estate, that both local and interstate Australian citizens, as well as, citizens of the world can be amazed by; learn from; and be awe-inspired by."

#### Summary

Figure 1: When asked what they 'like most' about each option, survey respondents expressed mixed views relating to the proposed street layouts

- 20% of participants (94) liked the street layout in **Option 1** which forms a collection of small neighbourhood and open spaces
- 25% of participant (107) liked the street layout in **Option 2** which provides for easy access to and from the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station
- 17% of participants (71) liked the street layout in **Option 3** which forms a collection of larger blocks with a more traditional/grid pattern.

Source: Survey questions 1, 2 and 3

Figure 2: When asked what they 'like most' about each option, survey respondents expressed mixed views on the proposed building types

- 25% of survey respondents (114) liked taller buildings that are more slender and are spread evenly throughout the precinct in **Option 1**
- 29% of respondents (127) liked taller buildings that offer more architectural interest and are located along the main pedestrian boulevard/green link in Option 2
- 31% of participants (129) liked taller buildings that are located around the central park and main pedestrian boulevard in Option 3

Source: Survey questions 1, 2 and 3

Figure 3: When asked "All options support an integrated community of social, affordable and private housing. Do you have a preference for the way this housing mix is designed?" responses were mixed

- 46% of survey respondents (170) said **social, affordable and private** housing should all be provided within the same building
- 26% (97) said **social and affordable** housing should both be provided within the same building, alongside private housing in different buildings
- 16% (60) said social, affordable and private housing should be provided **separately** in different buildings, alongside one another
- Another 13% had no preference.

**Source:** Survey question 6

Figure 4: When asked what they 'like most' about each option, survey respondents expressed mixed views on the approach to retail and services

- The retail and services hub located around the civic plaza / the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station in **Option 1** was 'liked' by 35% of survey respondents (164)
- Retail and community services spread throughout the precinct with many located next to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station in Option 2 was 'liked by 43% of survey respondents (186) (overall, it was the aspect of Option 2 that participants liked most)
- Retail services focused along George Street and around the park in Option 3 was 'liked by 37% of survey respondents (152)

Source: Survey questions 1, 2 and 3

Figure 5: When asked what they 'like most' about each option, the parks and open space areas were commonly identified by survey respondents

- Waterloo Green being kept and updated in Option 1 was 'liked' by 41% (191) of respondents (overall, it was the aspect of Option 1 that participants liked most)
- One large park, 'the village green', located in the centre of the precinct in **Option 2** was liked by 38% of respondents (167)
- One large park located next to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station in **Option 3** was liked by 38% of respondents (159)

**Source:** Survey questions 1, 2 and 3

Figure 6: When asked what they 'like most' about each option, survey responses indicated support for a public domain that incorporates more open space

- George Street becoming a 20m wide green pedestrian boulevard in Option 1 was 'liked' by 30% (140) of survey respondents
- George Street becoming a 20-30m wide green pedestrian boulevard in **Option 2** was liked by 37% of survey respondents (161)
- George Street becoming a 40m wide pedestrian boulevard in **Option 3** was liked by 38% of survey respondents (159) (overall, it was the aspect of Option 3 that participants liked most)

Source: Survey questions 1, 2 and 3

## C. Submissions

### Overview

In addition, to the 450 surveys received, 19 submissions were received and the key issues are summarised on pages 76 and 77. This information has been incorporated in the key findings of the report and will be considered in the preparation of the preferred master plan.

Submission no. and type	Dated	Group
Submission 1: Email submission	16/10/18	Estate resident
Submission 2: Hard copy submission	15/10/18	Estate resident
Submission 3: Letter	15/10/18	SSP Private landowner
Submission 4: Email submission	13/10/18	Estate resident
Submission 5: Hard copy submission	19/11/18	SSP Private landowners
Submission 6: Hard copy submission	19/11/18	SSP Private landowners
Submission 7: Hard copy submission	20/11/18	Estate resident
Submissions 8, 9, 10, 11, 12: Hard copy submissions	23/10/18	Further detailed comments from Chinese residents in response to the focus group discussion points
Submission 13: Hard copy submission	Undated	Estate resident
Submission 14: Hard copy submission	6/9/18	SSP Private landowner
Submission 15: Hard copy submission	12/10/18	Estate residents
Submission 16: Online submission	25/10/18	Estate residents
Submission 17: Focus group submission	27/10/18	NGO
Submission 18: Focus group submission	19/11/18	Broader community
Submission 19: Email submission	13/11/18	SSP Private landowners

## Summary of key issues

#### The key issues raised in the 19 submissions were:

#### Theme: Culture and community life

- Each social housing building should have its own community garden.
- Object to the redevelopment on the basis that it is destroying a strong community especially the Aboriginal culture and spirituality in Waterloo and its surrounds.
- Concerns about the affordability shops in the redeveloped Waterloo.
- Need to acknowledge Indigenous history.
- Community centres and free Wi-Fi hot spots should be provided.
- Parks should include waterplay, BBQ areas and an outdoor gym. Lighting around parks and streets is important for safety.
- Theme: Transport, streets and connections
- Address people parking in car spaces for people with disability.
- Public transport should be increased with or without the redevelopment.
- Options testing was rushed and there was a lack of knowledge among the consultant how other projects would impact the community (e.g. extension of the M5). Opening up Pitt and McEvoy Street will add traffic, impact nearby schools and the public domain and create safety concerns.
- Would like to see Option One delivered because it offers access to the Metro Quarter and Waterloo Station.
- Strong opposition to connecting Pitt Street and McEvoy Street.
- Would like to see more bike routes.
- Parking is a concern as carers need to be able to access their buildings with ease and want to retain all the parking that is currently available.

#### Theme: Housing and neighbourhood design

- Further consultation is required with private owners within the State Significant Precinct to discuss and address key concerns including: those relating to the planning / consultation process; fair and impartial distribution of development potential relating to the redevelopment; and design outcomes for the area as a whole (including 233-239 Cope Street), with particular consideration for height, bulk, scale and shadowing relating to the redevelopment.
- Object to the redevelopment options on the basis that they do not take into consideration private landowners' blocks and development impacts such as over shadowing.
- Existing housing towers (Matavai and Tauranga) should be refurbished.
- Would like to see Option One delivered because it offers a large amount of high rise buildings to be developed within the first one to three years providing more opportunities for social housing, affordable housing, student accommodation, office space, cafes and restaurants; more development contribution in the earliest phase of the redevelopment; and the opportunity to build a 40 storey skyscraper on 225-227 Cope Street.
- Object to the redevelopment on the basis that: it will further contribute to overpopulation in Sydney; that social housing will be reduced to 5 percent; no courtyards for pets are shown; and uncertainty about where social housing tenants will be relocated.
- Concerned about the number of 30-40 storey buildings.
- Public and affordable housing should be increased. Would like the Government to explore a build to rent model. Would like to retain Matavai and Turunga. Building heights should not exceed 30 storeys.

- A mix of public/private housing was seen as a good idea but not realistic or feasible. Courtyards were seen as a good opportunity for people to come together to socialise. Impacts from building heights need to be mitigated.
- Excited about the redevelopment but concerned about building heights in all three options and their impacts.
- The central park in the Waterloo Park option could become unsafe. Similarly splitting up the parks could create discreet areas for drinkers. It is important the buildings are designed in a way that mitigate impacts such as overshadowing. Mixed views on the social mix with some preferring a complete social mix and others preferring separate buildings as it will be easier to manage.

#### Theme: Community facilities, services and shops

- Bring in an Australian owned grocery store.
- Like the idea of one large multipurpose community facility. Need youth services and a variety of affordable food stores.

#### Theme: Environment and open space

- The open grass areas around the towers (Waterloo Green) should be retained as they are critical for the Aboriginal community.
- Would like to see Option One delivered because it offers a spread of green open space across the site.
- Object to the redevelopment on the basis that only 17 percent of trees will be saved.
- Would like Waterloo to fulfil the green vision for public open space in Sydney.
- Feel that none of the options provides enough open space.
- Parks should be spread out as in Option 1.
- Would like to see as many open space areas and parks as possible

#### Other issues raised

- Do not support any of the three redevelopment options on the basis of a lack of social housing, inadequate tree retention, and lack of guidance about the relocation process and provision for social housing tenants to be accommodated with their pets.
- Oppose the sale of public land.
- Object to the redevelopment options on the basis that there has been inadequate consultation with private landowners. There has been no feasibility review or economic benefit analysis of the three design options and the development potential of private landowners' blocks has not been taken into consideration. A draft DCP should not be developed until such issues are addressed.
- Would like to see more consultation to reveal the concerns of residents.
- Want to see a balance of green open space, health and social services, public transport and an increase in social housing stock.